



UNSW Sydney
Mar. 25th 2025

Connecting the Dots: Engineering Quantum States for Technology and Fundamental Physics

Michael Scheibner
UC Merced

My Background



Agriculture



Wine making



Construction



Sailing



Surgery



Quantum Matter Group

Assoc. Prof. Physics, UC Merced, mscheibner@ucmerced.edu



Research Expertise

- Semiconductor
 - Opto-electronics, -phononics
 - Ultrafast dynamics
- Single & Coupled Quantum Dots
- 2D materials & atomic-emitters

Research Interests

- Quantum Materials & Structures
- Coupled quantum systems
- Quantum(-enhanced) Sensing
- Fundamental-Applied Physics

Selected Projects & Programs

- Quantum-enhanced Motion sensing using spins in quantum dots (PI, UCM-NRL)
- Advanced Quantum Sensing for Geoenvironments
- Hands-on Quantum Materials Lab (PI), Instrumentation grant
- NRT-CONDESA (CoPI, UCM-LLNL), Lead-Core 3
- VISION-PREM (PI/Director, UCM-IMOD-stc) Venture for Innovation in Self-assembly and Integration of Optoelectronic Nanostructures
- Quantum workforce development with experiential learning



Today's program

- Introduction
 - UC Merced
 - The Quantum Matter Group (QMG) Lab
- Basics of quantum matter:
 - Focus on: Quantum Dots & Quantum Dot Molecules
- Examples of how to use quantum emitters
 - Quantum-enhanced Motion Sensing
 - (Taming) Phonons
 - Outlook

UC Merced



UC Merced – Latest Development

UCMERCED

All News Research Accolades Events Athletics For Journalists

February 13, 2025

**WE
R1**

WE ARE ONE CAMPUS.
WE R1 UCMERCED.

**DESIGNATED CARNEGIE R1
TOP-TIER RESEARCH
UNIVERSITY**

**RANKED #1
IN THE NATION
FOR SOCIAL MOBILITY**

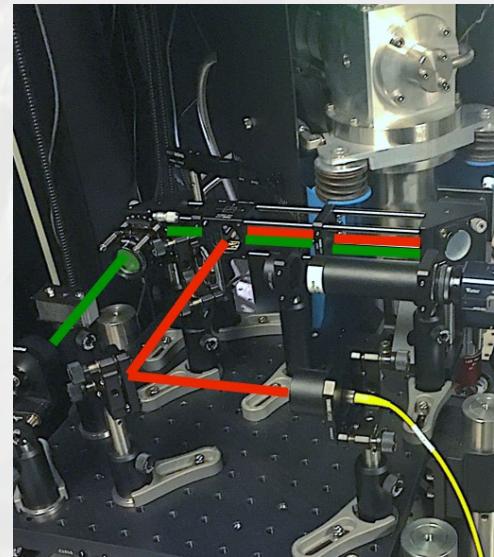
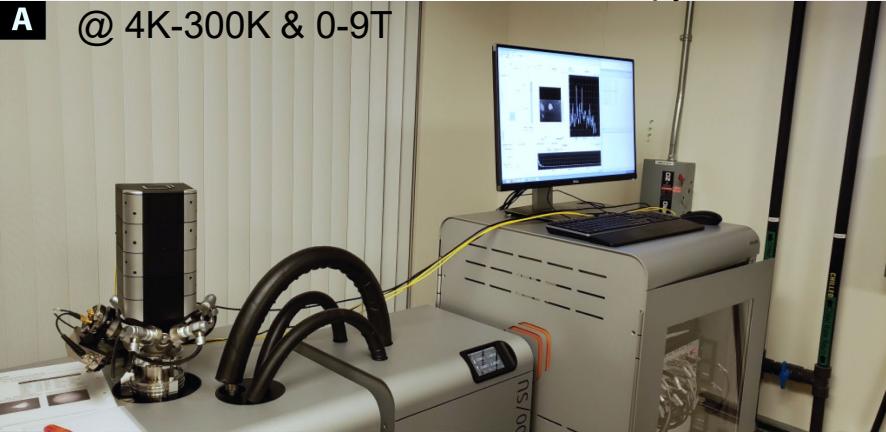
M
UCMERCED

UC Merced has earned the prestigious R1 Carnegie research classification within the university's first 20 years.

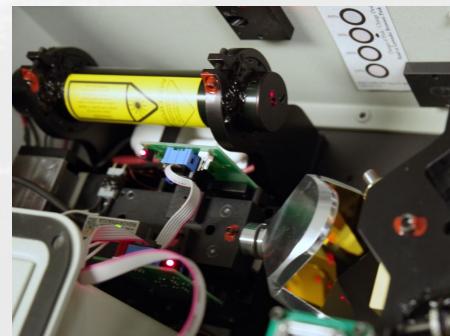
A Peak into the (old) QMG lab

Atomic-Force & Confocal Microscopy

A @ 4K-300K & 0-9T



Opto-mechanics



FTIR

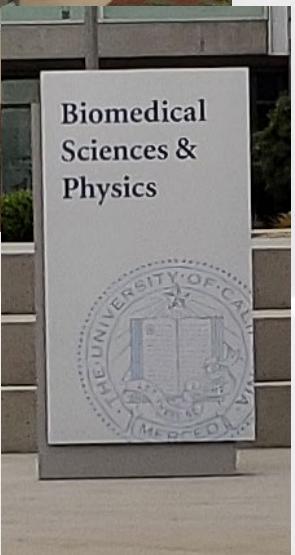


Lasers

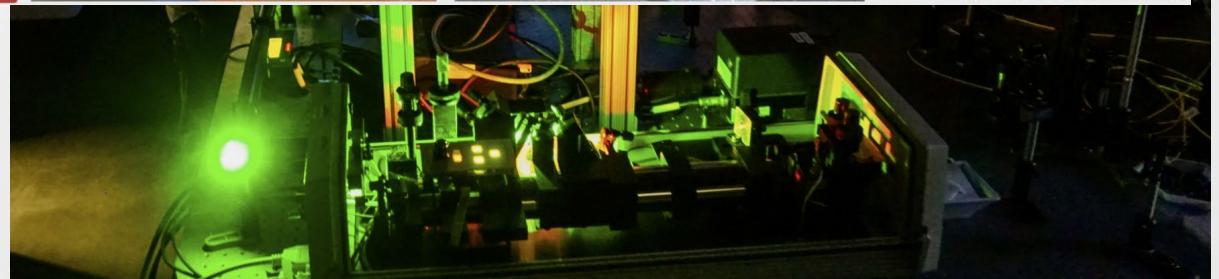
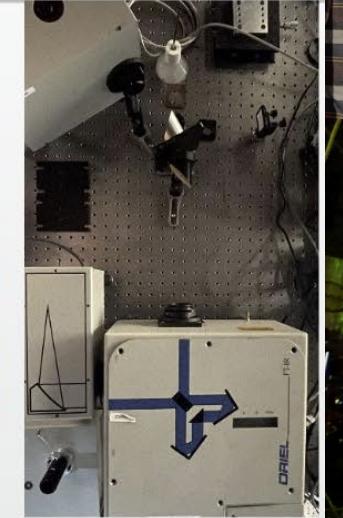
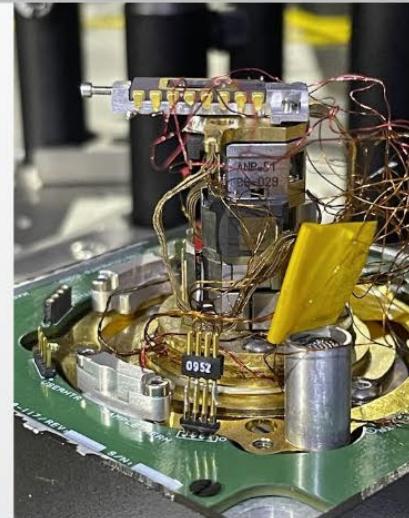
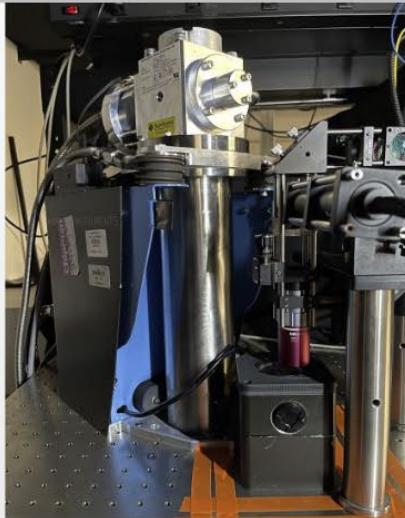
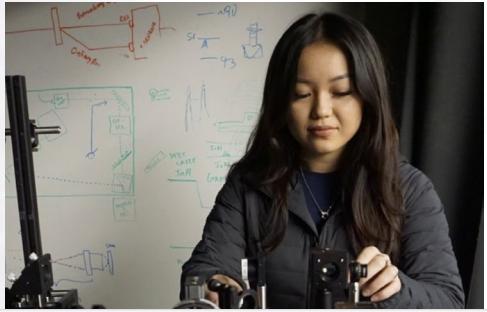


Triple Raman Spectrometer

2020-Lab on the Move



...arrived: 2025 The Quantum Matter Group in the lab



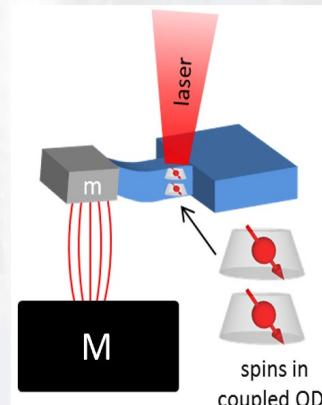
Bruce, Edbertho, Hayley, Derrick, Muzzakkir, Joe, Michael

Related Projects & Programs

Quantum-enhanced motion sensing
using entangled spins in quantum dots
(UCM, NRL, (VT); DTRA)



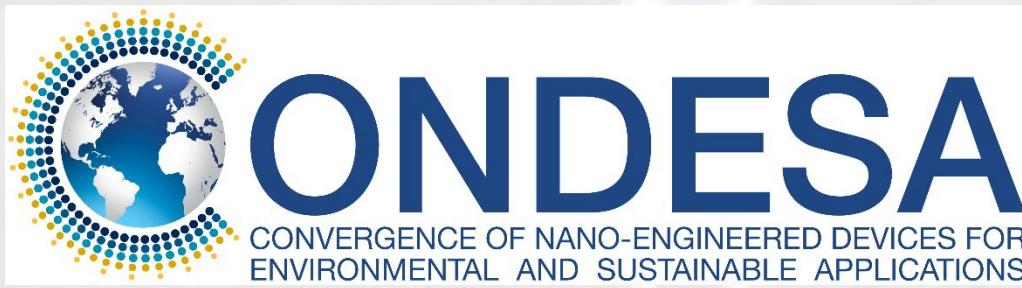
GraSP: Gravity- Spin-Probe



Semiconductor quantum emitters for probing gravitational signatures at the quantum scale (UCM, CSUF, UWA, UNSW, UCF, NETL)

Gravitational Aharonov-Bohm effect, Chiao, et al., Phys. Rev D 109, 064073 (2024)
<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.109.064073>

Energy-level shift of quantum systems via the scalar electric Aharonov-Bohm effect, Chiao, et al., Phys. Rev A 107, 042209 (2023).
<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevA.107.042209>

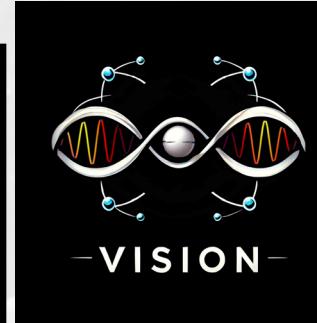


National Research & Training Grant (NRT)
(UCM, LLNL; NSF)

Thrust 3: Advanced Quantum Sensing for Geoenvironments.

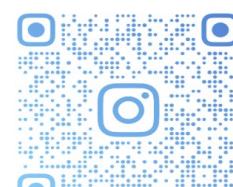
Quantum-enhanced inertial sensing:

- Mass density distributions
- Motion (water flows)
- Magnetic properties of soil (clays)



Venture for Innovation in Self-assembly and Integration of Optoelectronic Nanostructures (UCM, IMOD-STC; NSF)

- RT-1: Quantum Dot Meta-Structures
- RT-2: Atomic Emitters in 2D
- RT-3: Composite Optoelectronic Structures

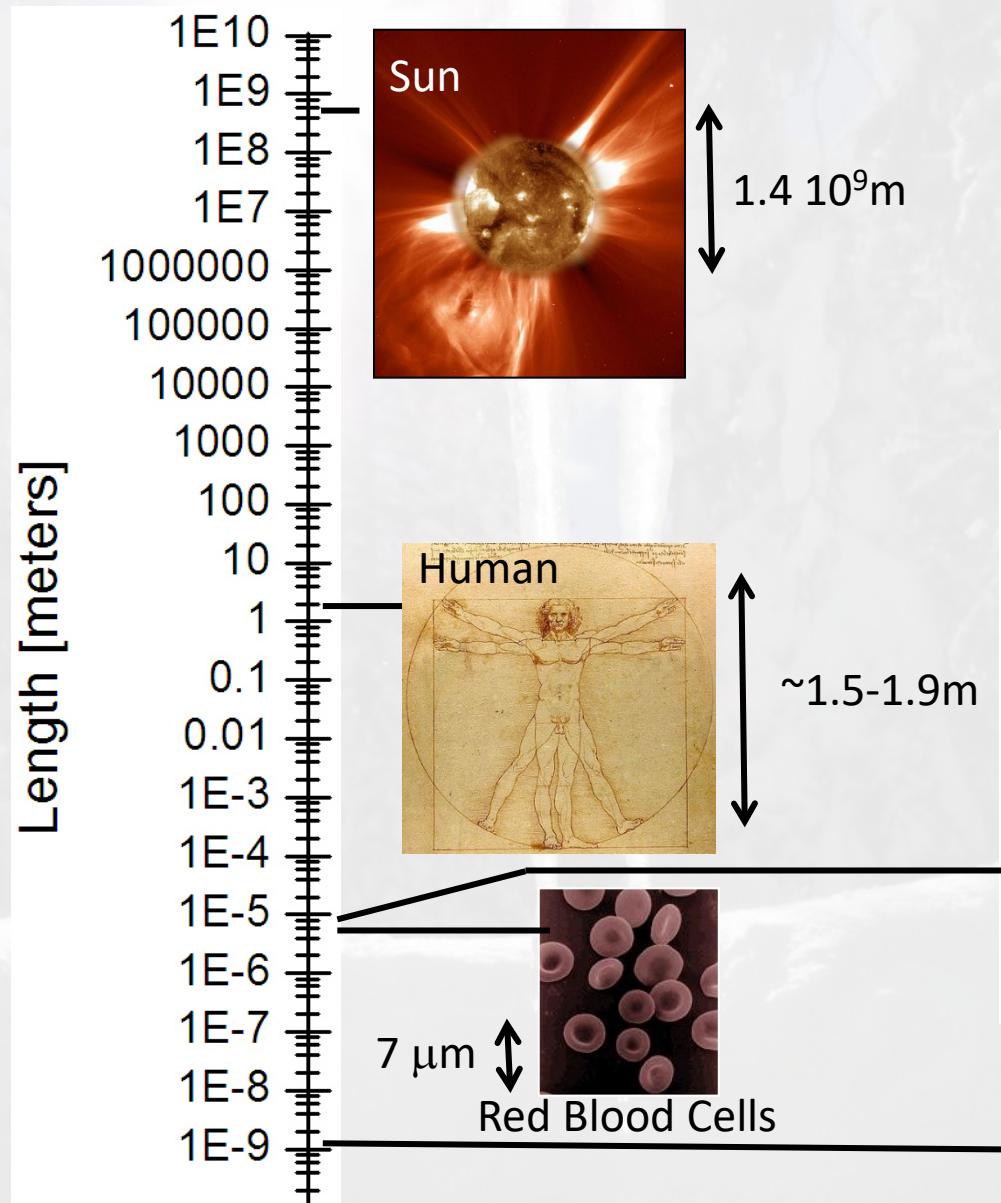


VISIONPREM.UCM

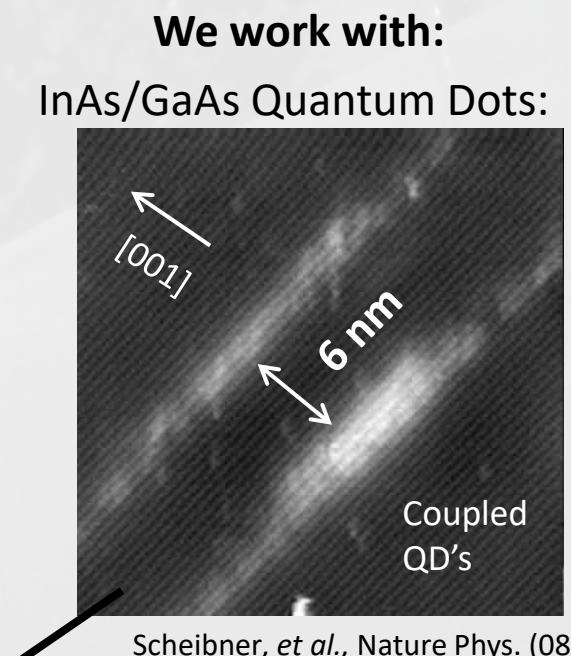
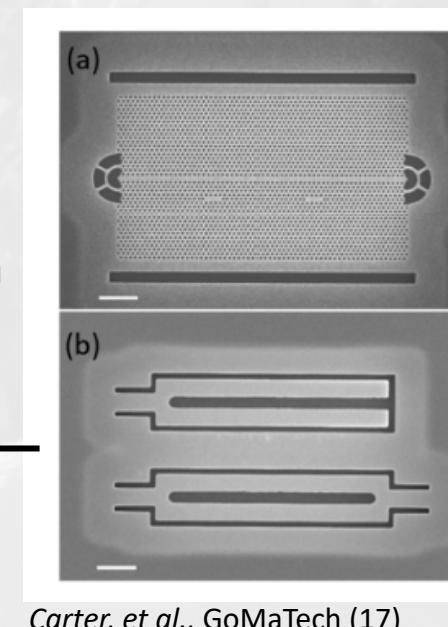
Coupled quantum dots basics

From Quantum Dots to dot molecules

Working Scale

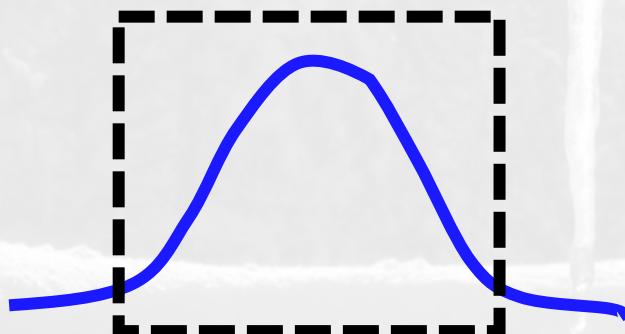
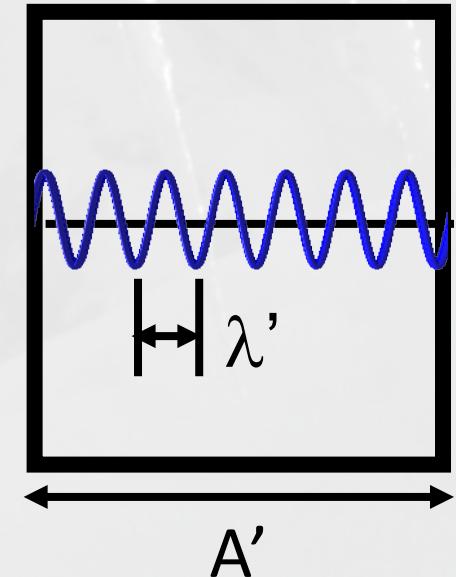
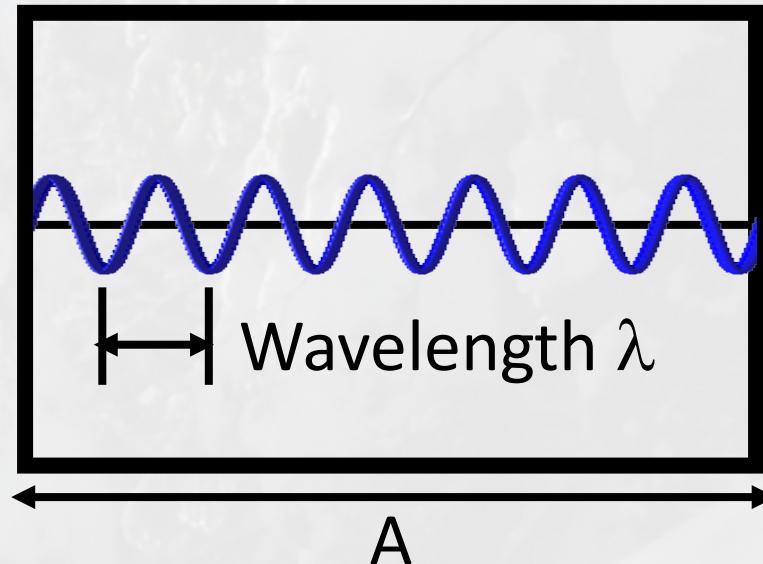
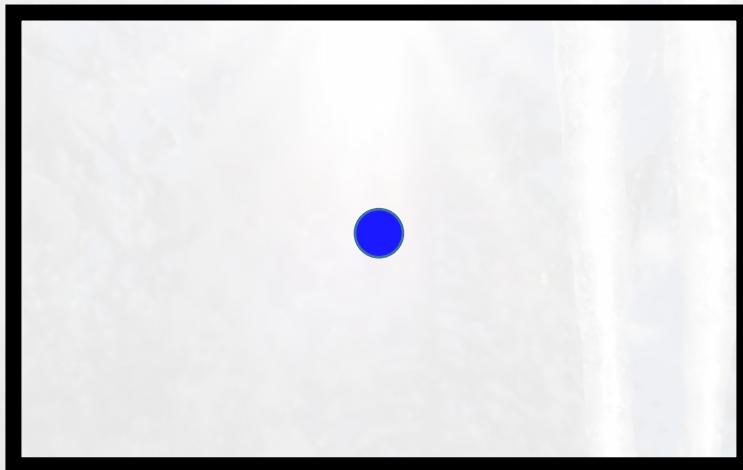


$$\frac{\text{Sun}}{\text{Human}} \approx \frac{\text{Human}}{\text{Quantum Dot}}$$



What's Quantum?

Particle/Wave in a box



Wave must disappear at the walls (*)

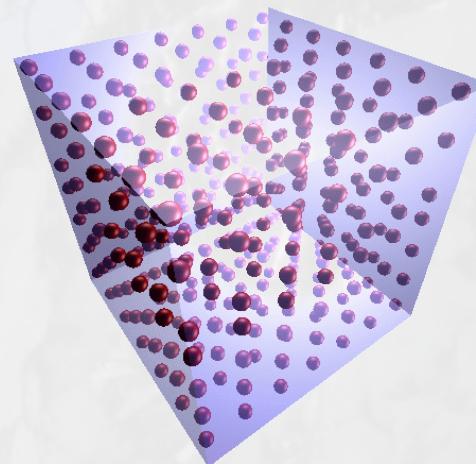
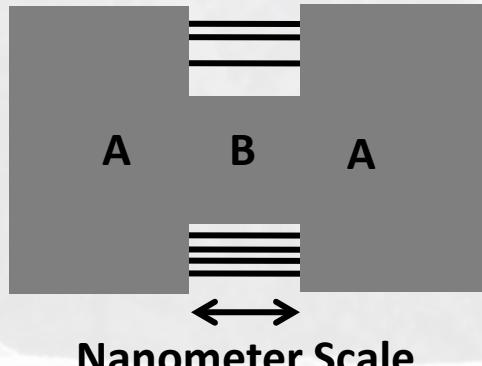
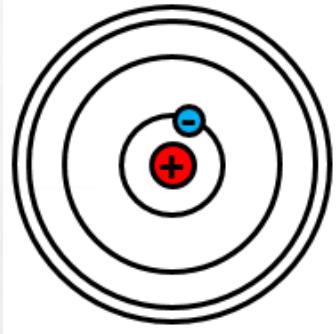
Energy Quantization & more

Energy $\sim 1/\lambda$

Particles can exist in classically forbidden regions, tunnel, be in two or more places at once,...

(*) If walls are infinitely high

'Artificial' Quantum Matter



Spatial confinement
yields a discrete atomic
energy level structure

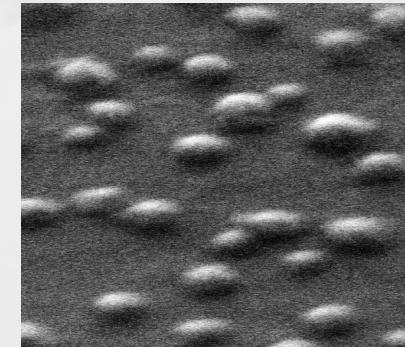
Semiconductor

Conduction Band

Band Gap \approx eV

Valence Band

Energy ↑



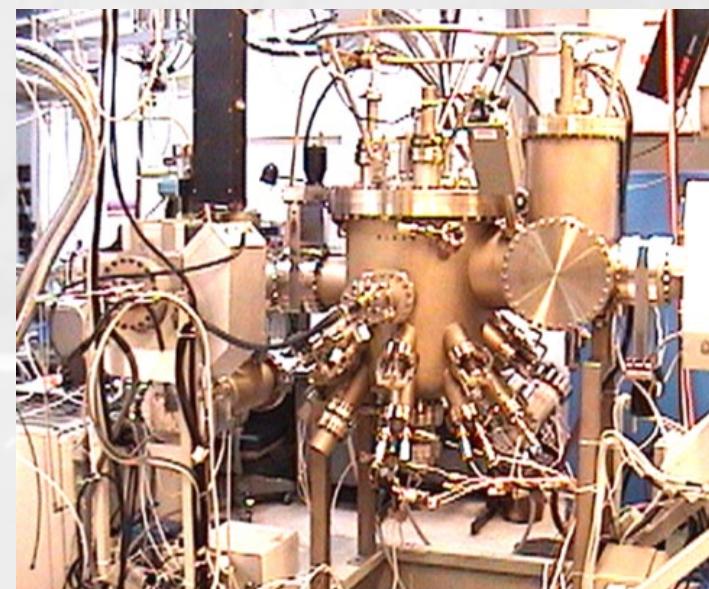
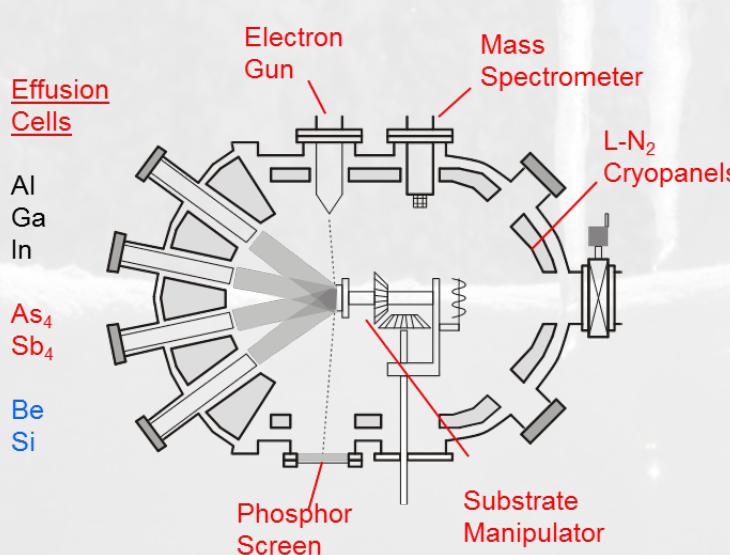
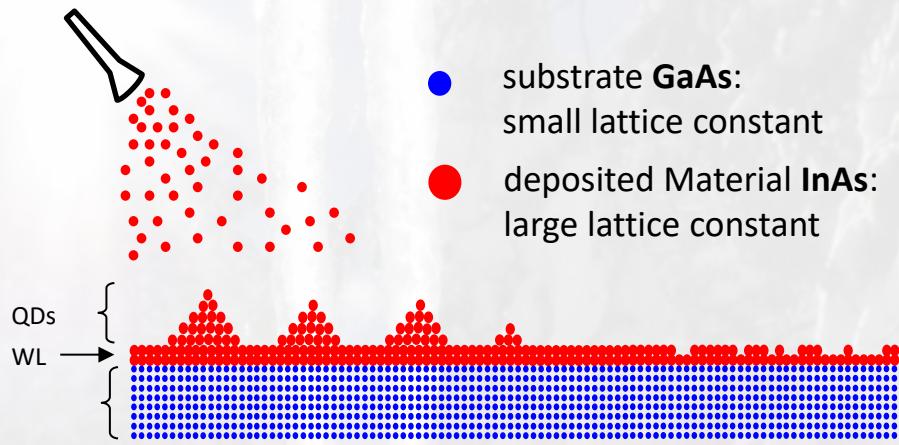
- 10-20 nm wide
- 2-10 nm high

Quantum Dots ↔ Artificial Atoms

Atoms → Molecules → Crystals → Artificial Atoms (Dots) → Artificial Molecules → ...

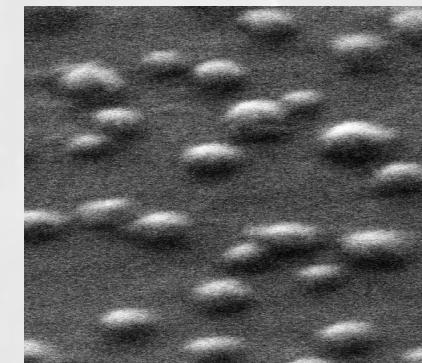
QD Growth

Molecular Beam Epitaxy of 'self-assembled' InAs QDs



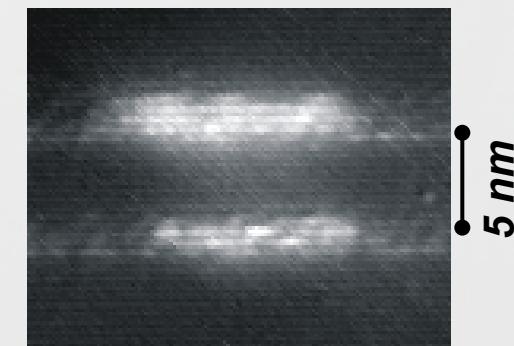
MBE at the Naval Research Lab

Randomly nucleated QDs



- 10-20 nm wide
- 2-10 nm high

Vertically stacked QDs



- Strain from first QD nucleates a second

Why Stack Quantum Dots?

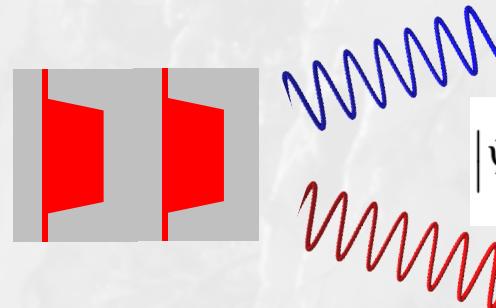


FUNCTIONALITY



D. Nash, T. Darville, theconversation.com (2020)

Quantum technology and quantum-enhanced technology



On-demand single photons &

$$|\Psi_{HV}^+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|H\rangle_1 |H\rangle_2 + |V\rangle_1 |V\rangle_2)$$

Entangled photons

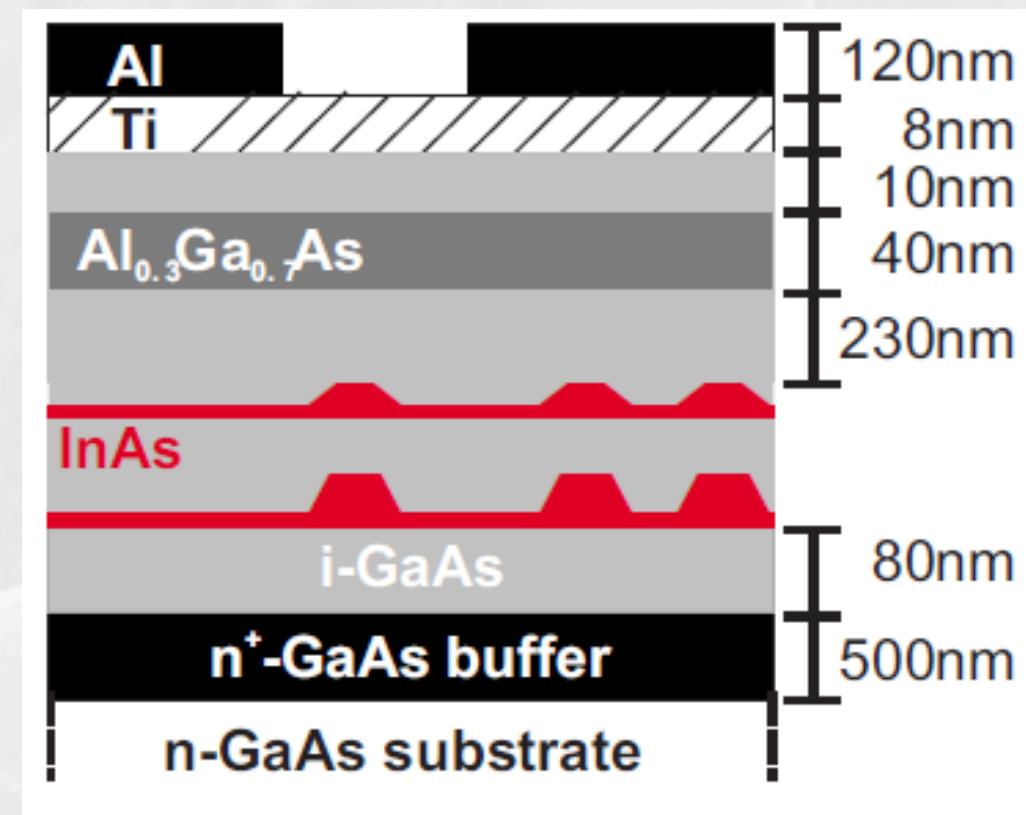
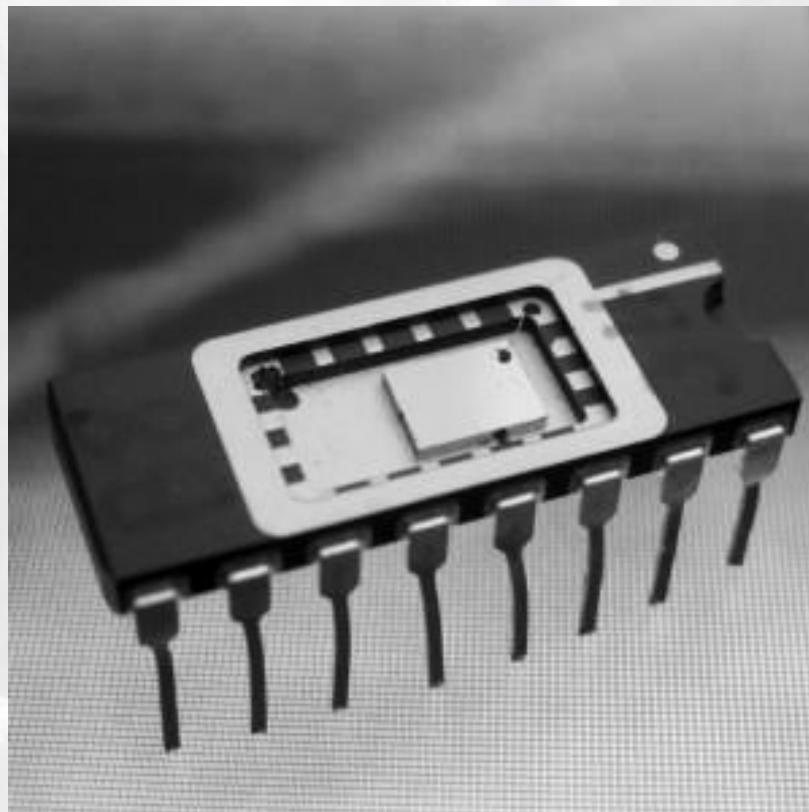
Coupled dots....
more control....
upscaling....
improved tools..



B. Yirka, phys.org (2020)

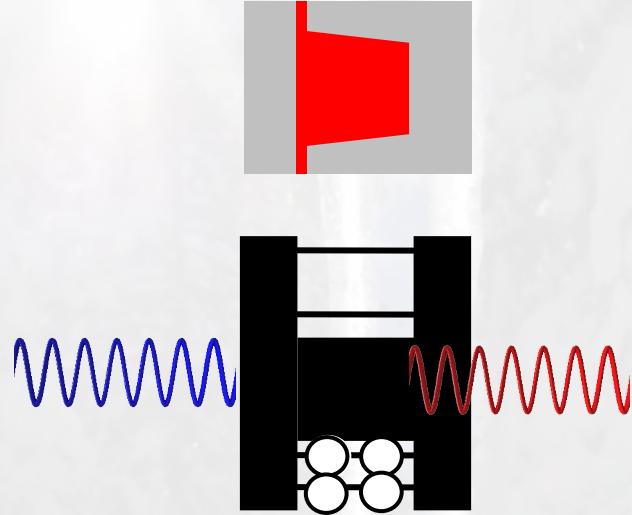


Quantum Dot Molecule Samples



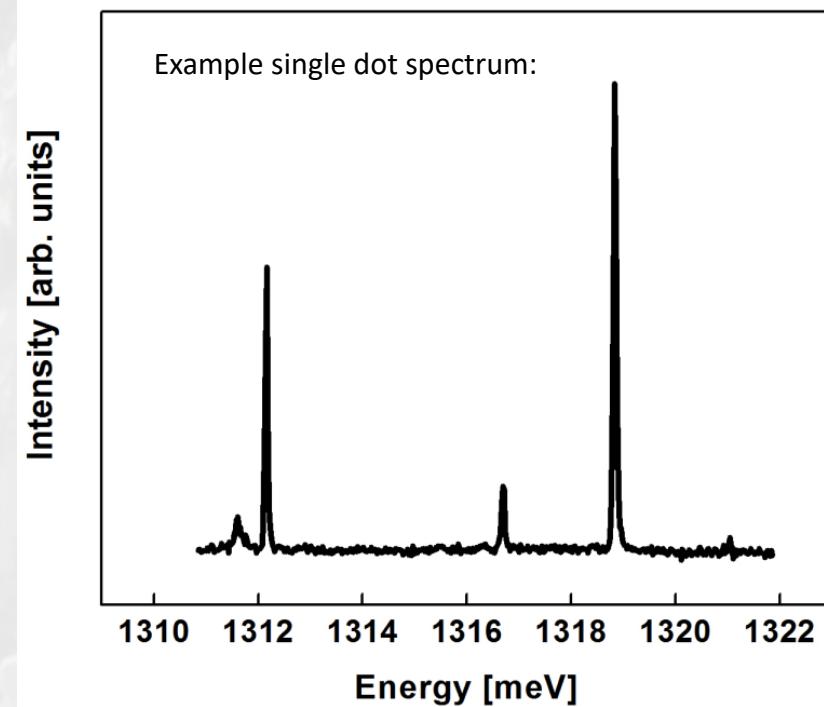
Schottky diode device structure

Optical spectroscopy



$\bullet = |X\rangle$

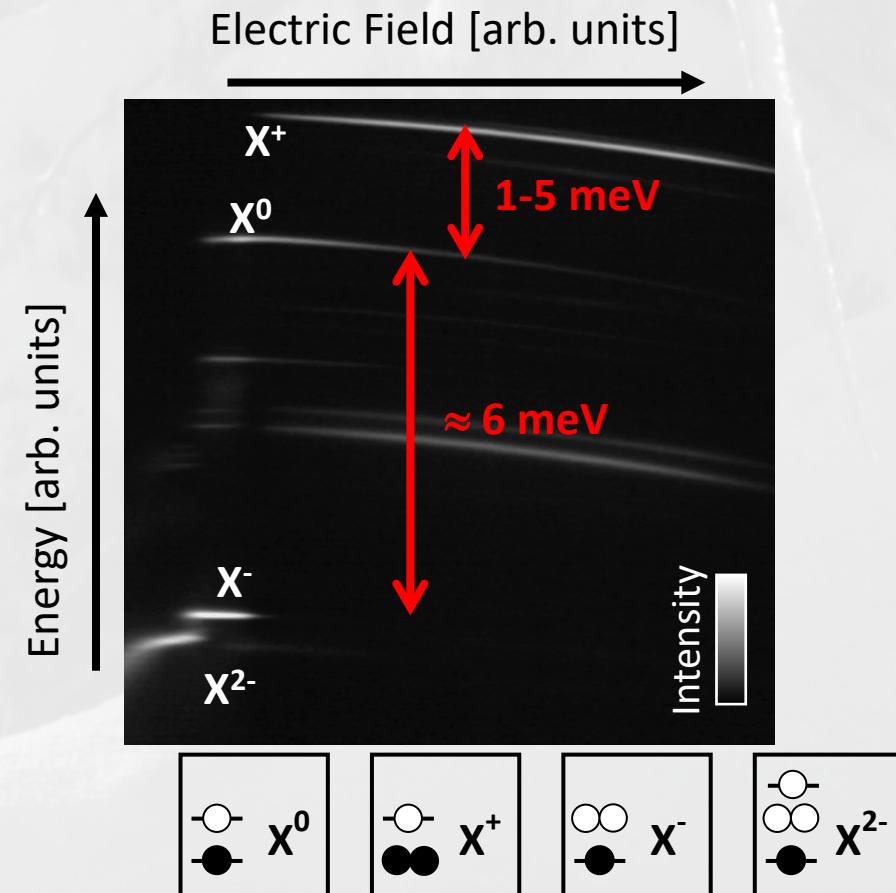
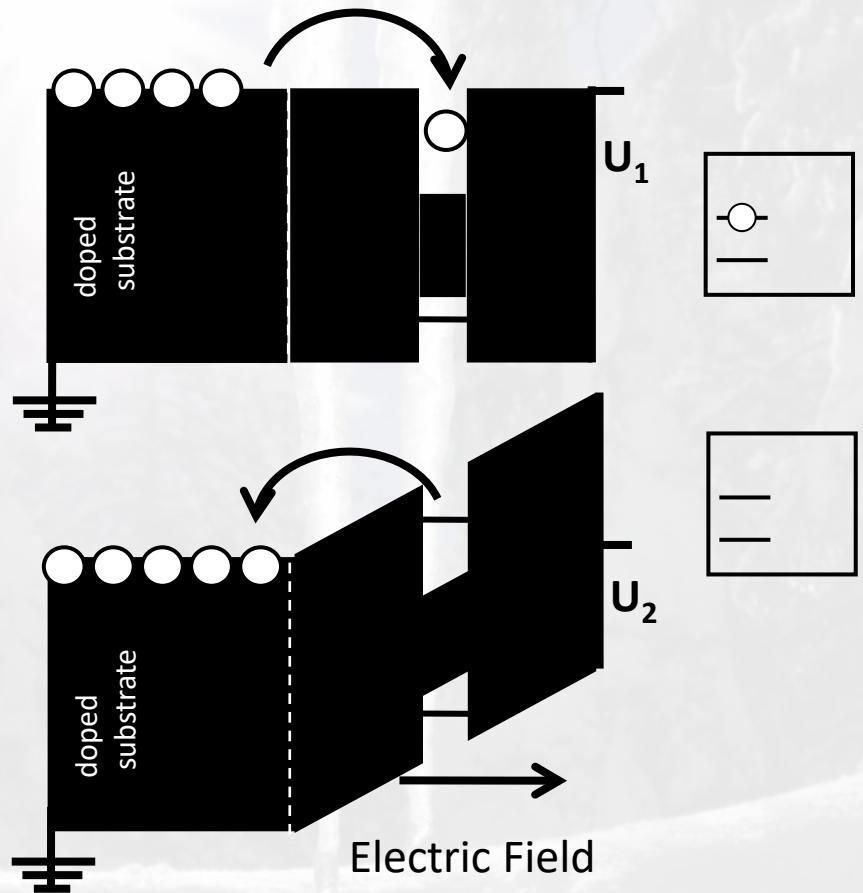
Electron-hole pair (Exciton)



- **Photon:**

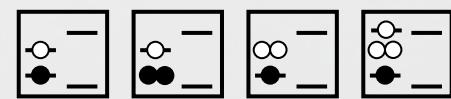
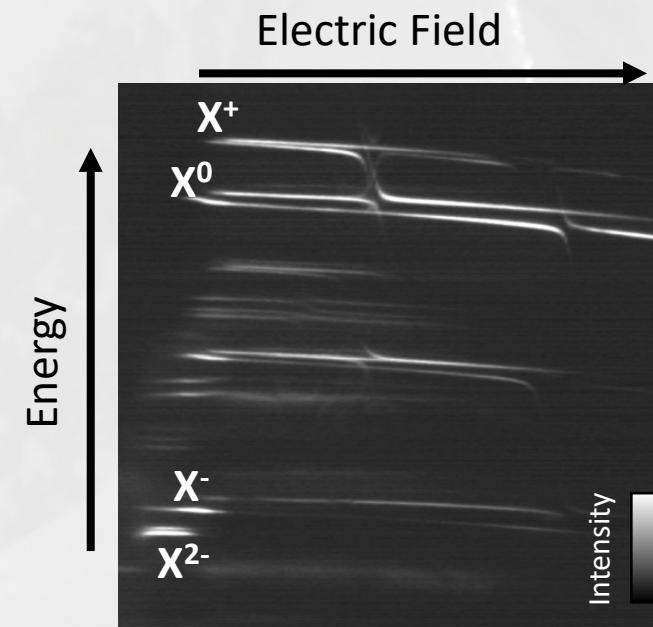
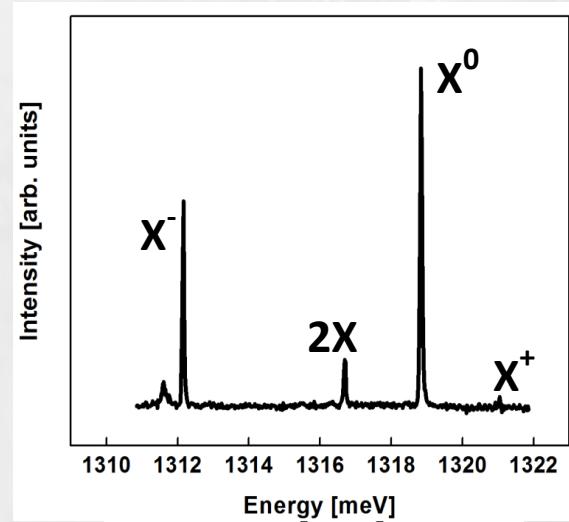
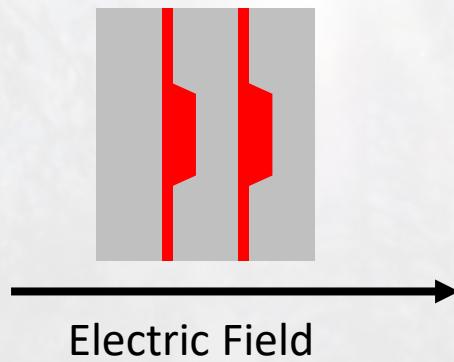
- Absorbed by QD
⇒ Promotes electron into conduction band
- Emitted by QD
⇒ recombination of electron-hole pair

Electric Field



- Add/subtract charges AND Spins
- Quantum Confined Stark Effect (shifts the optical transition energy)

Coupled Quantum Dots

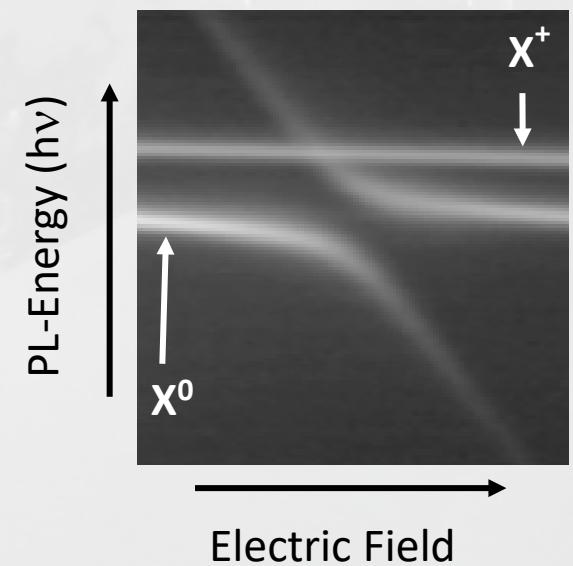
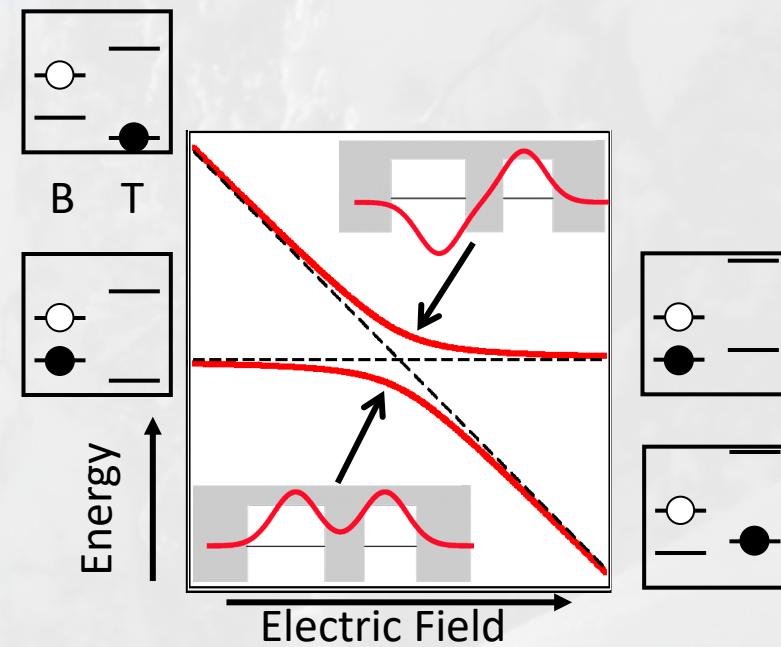
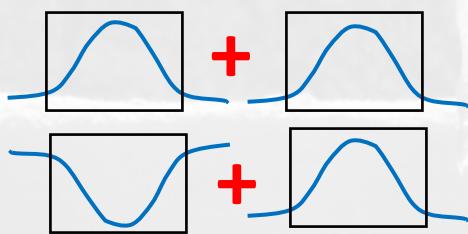
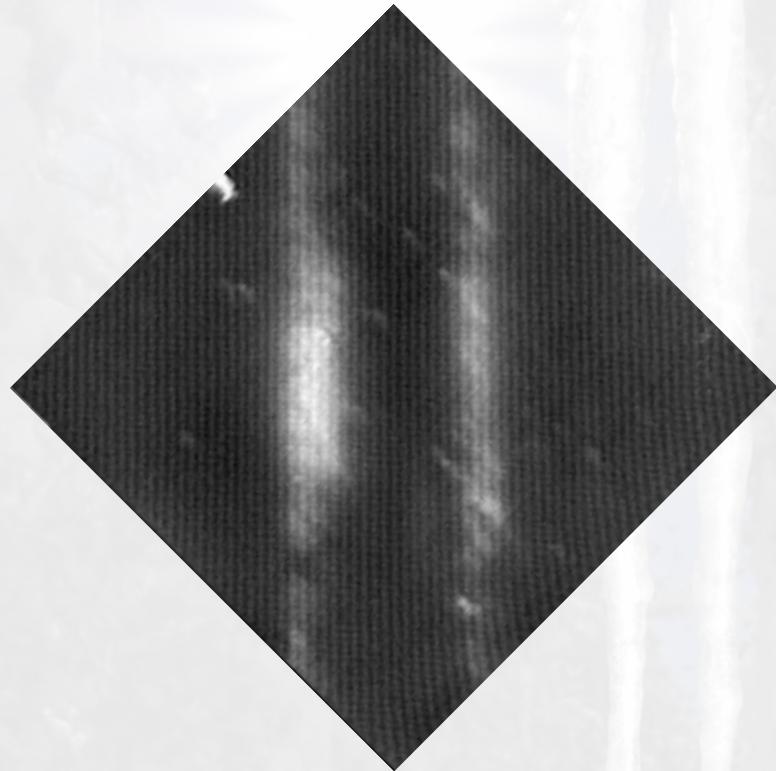


$X^0 \quad X^+ \quad X^- \quad X^{2-}$

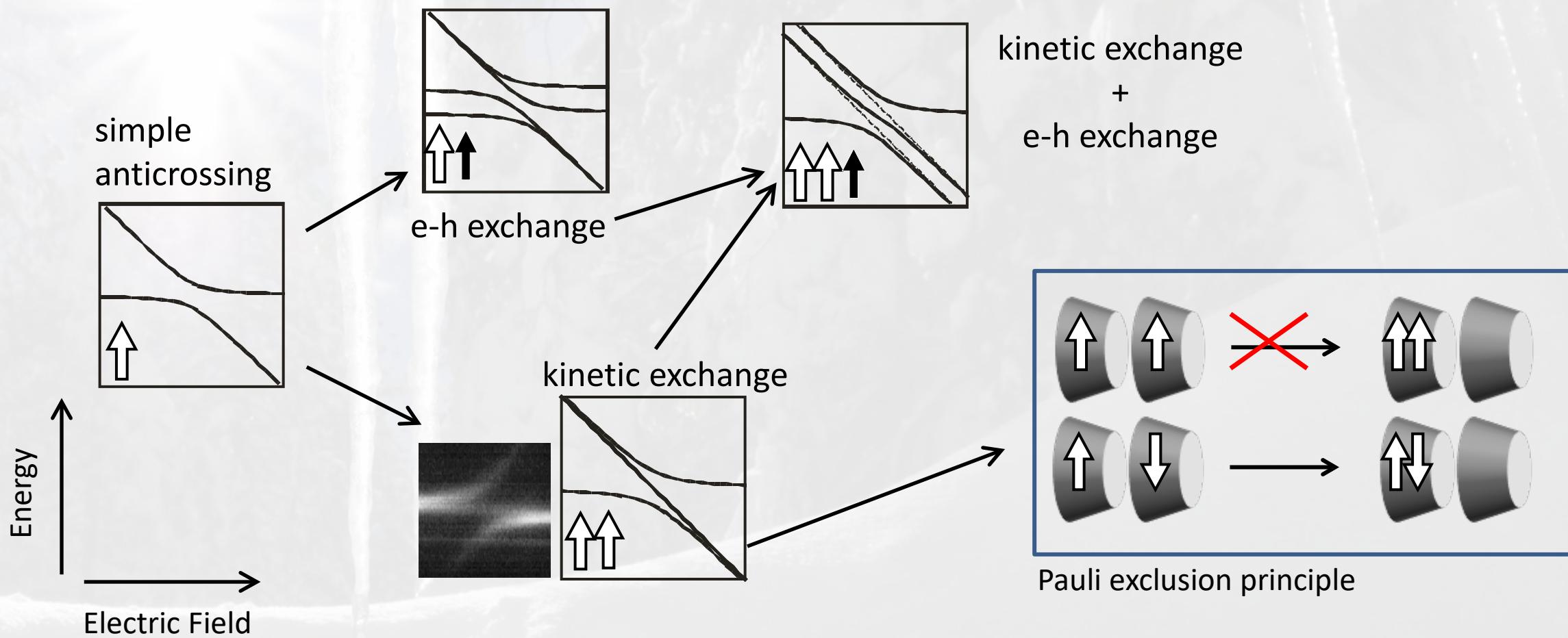
Stinaff , Scheibner *et al.* Science (06),
Bracker, Scheibner et al APL (06),
Scheibner et al. PRL (07),...

... controllable interactions between
two dots ...

Tunneling

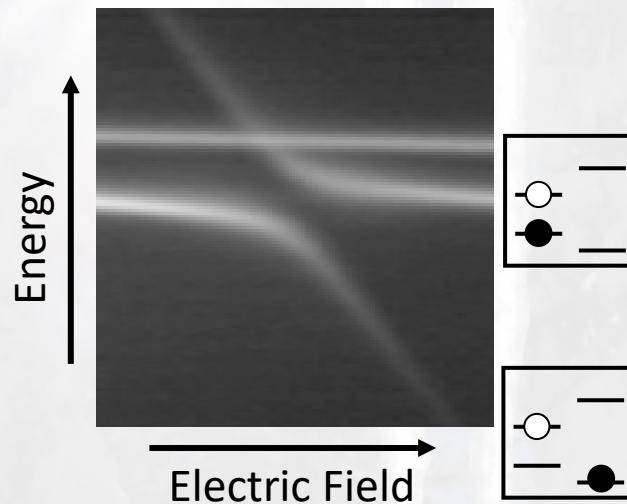


Tunneling and Spin



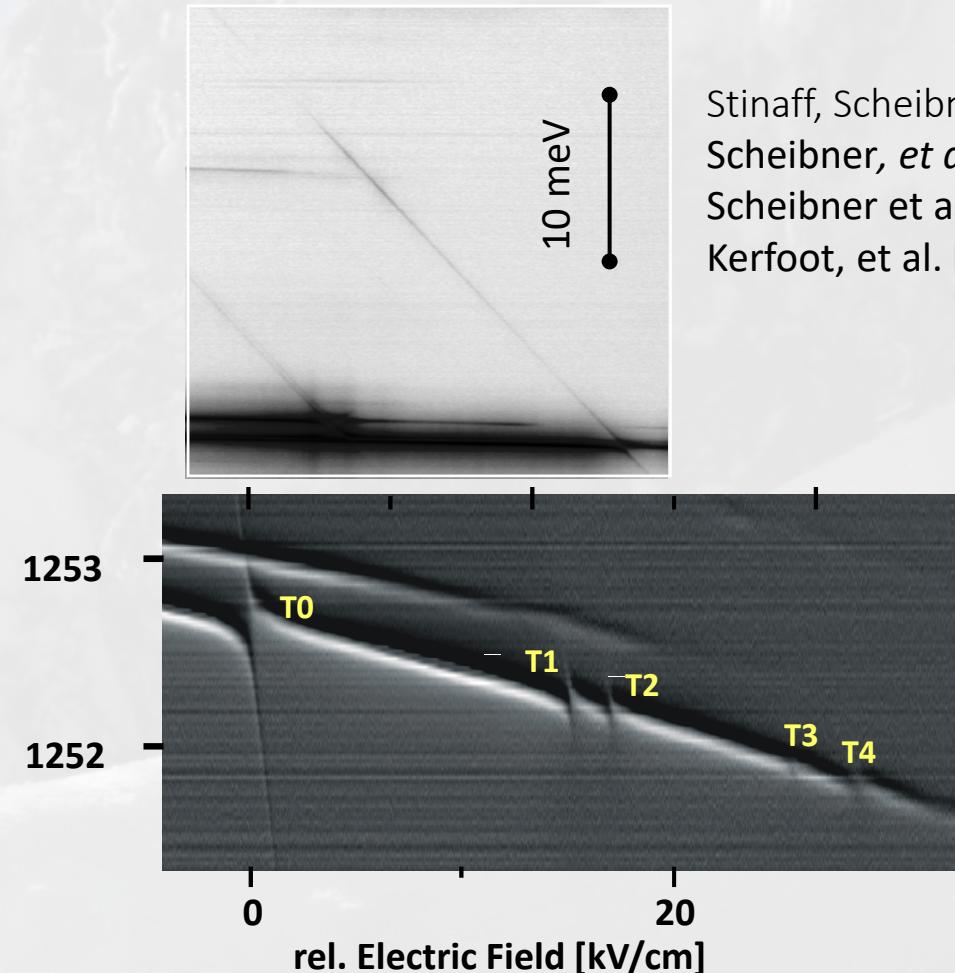
...electrically tunable spin-spin interaction...

Coupled Quantum Dot Tunability

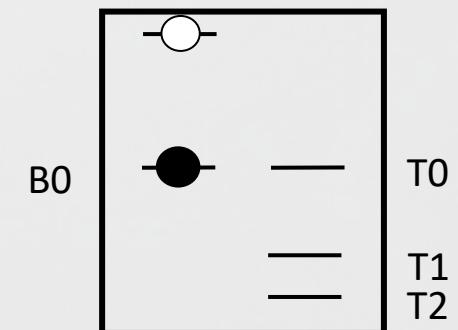


Control over:

- wave function overlap
- transition energies
- energy level
- state symmetry
-

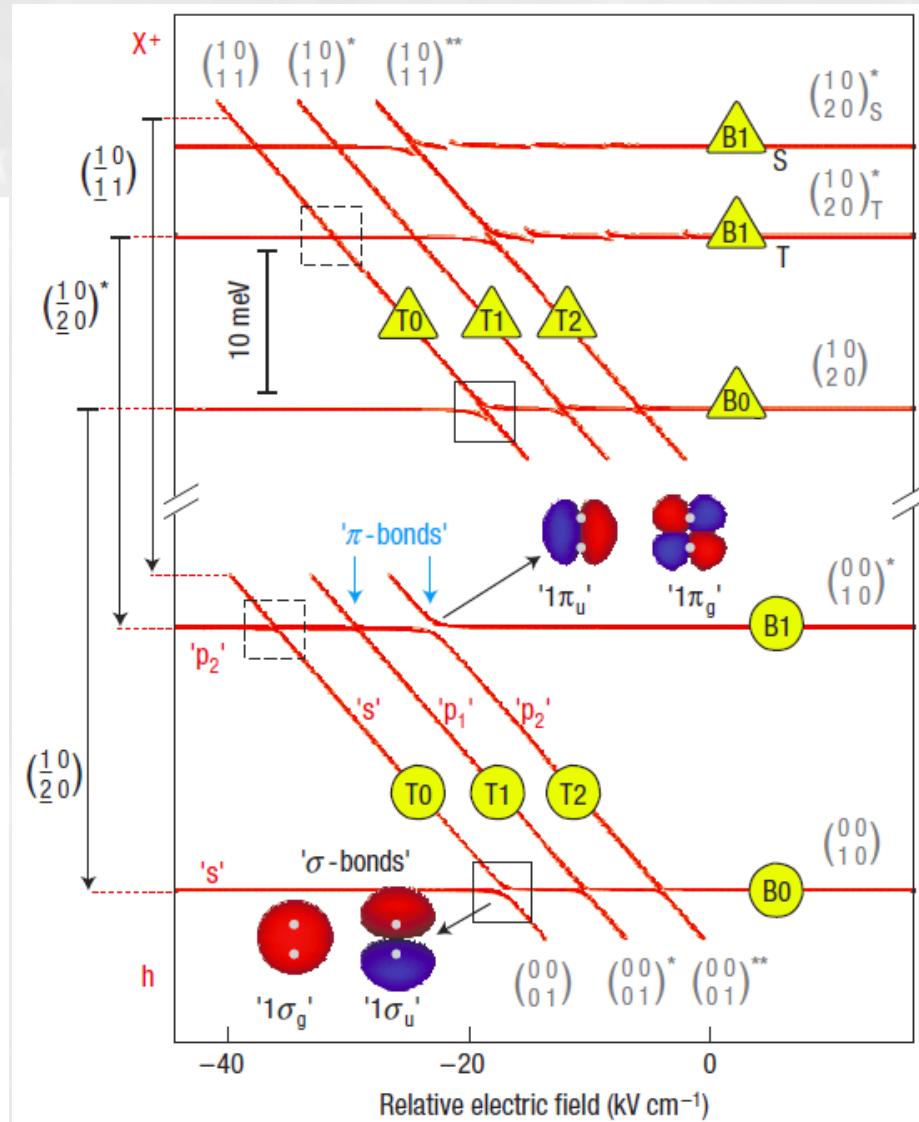
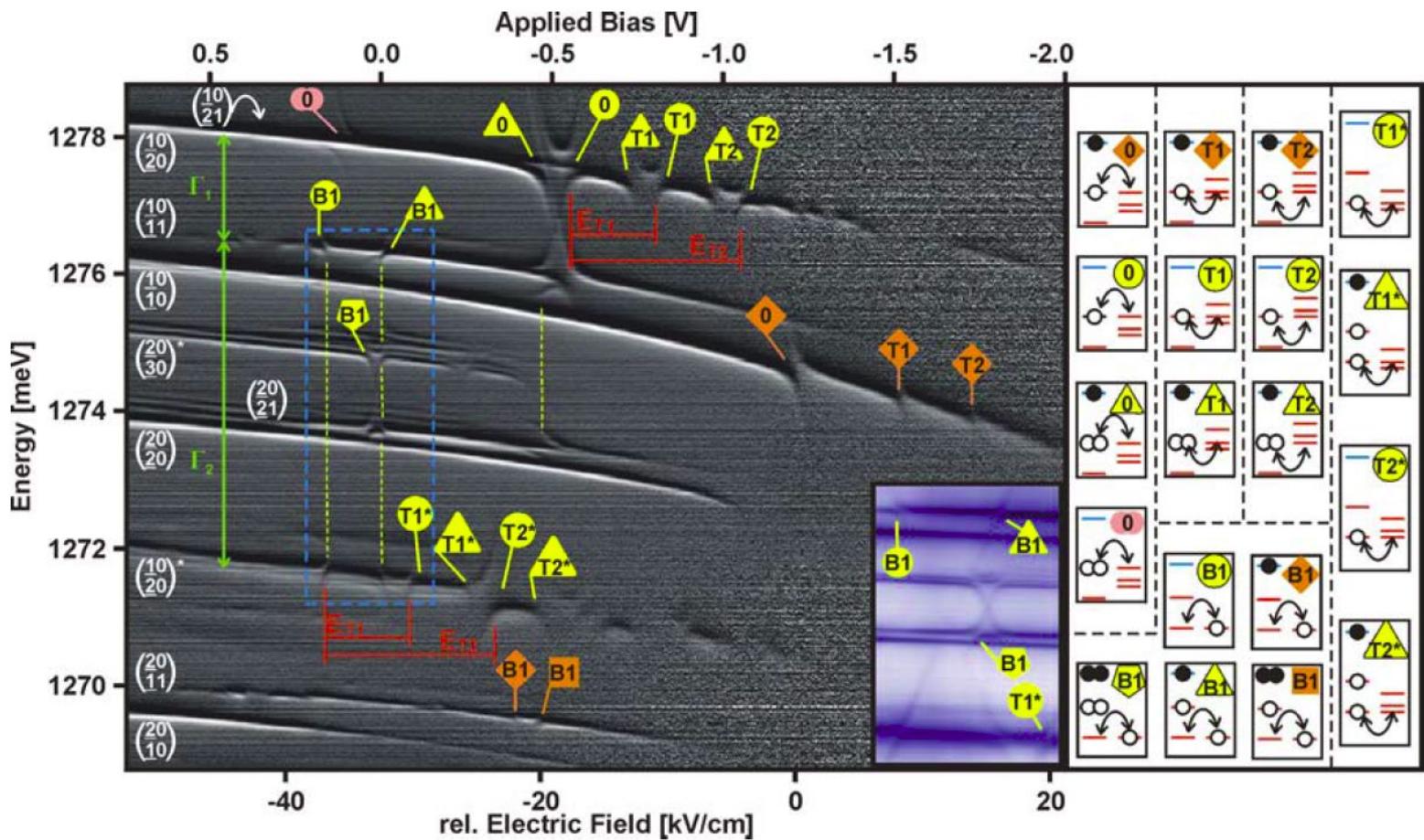


Stinaff, Scheibner, *et al.* Science (06),
Scheibner, *et al.*, Nature Phys. (08)
Scheibner et al. SSC (09),
Kerfoot, *et al.* Nature Comm. (14) ,...



... versatile control over quantum states...

Just 2 Dots:



Two 0-dimensional solid-state systems harbor a world of opportunities!

Examples

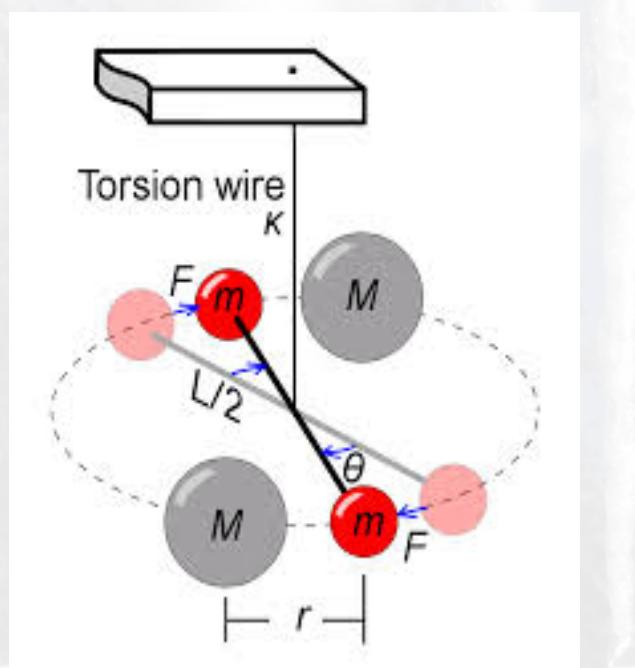
Quantum-enhanced motion sensing



GraSP: Gravity- Spin-Probe

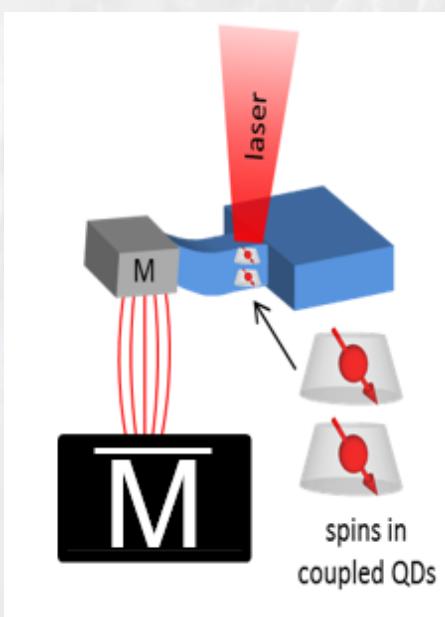
Dots vs. Gravity

A modern take an a Classical Experiment



Cavendish Torsion
Balance

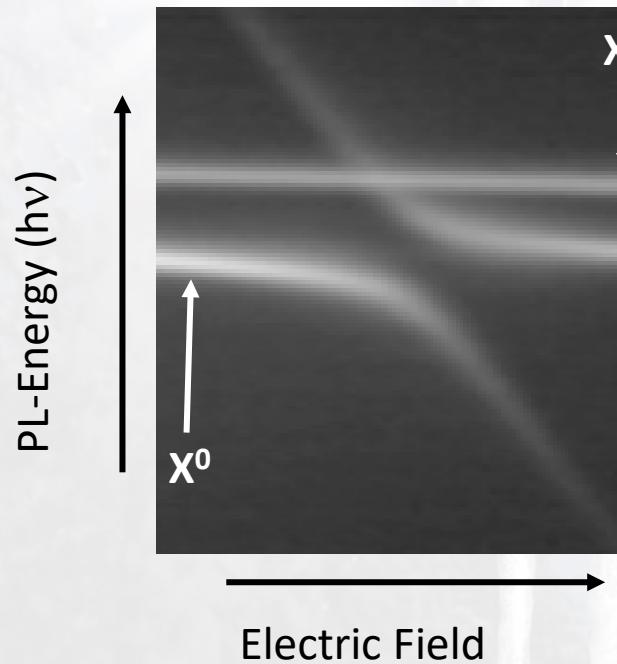
Source: Wki



Gravity- Spin-Probe

Cavendish Balance	GraSP
Two masses	Two spins & mass
Spatial separation	
Rigid connection	Entanglement
Angle resolution	Coherence
Torsion	Strain
Sensed in one way	Sensed in multiple ways

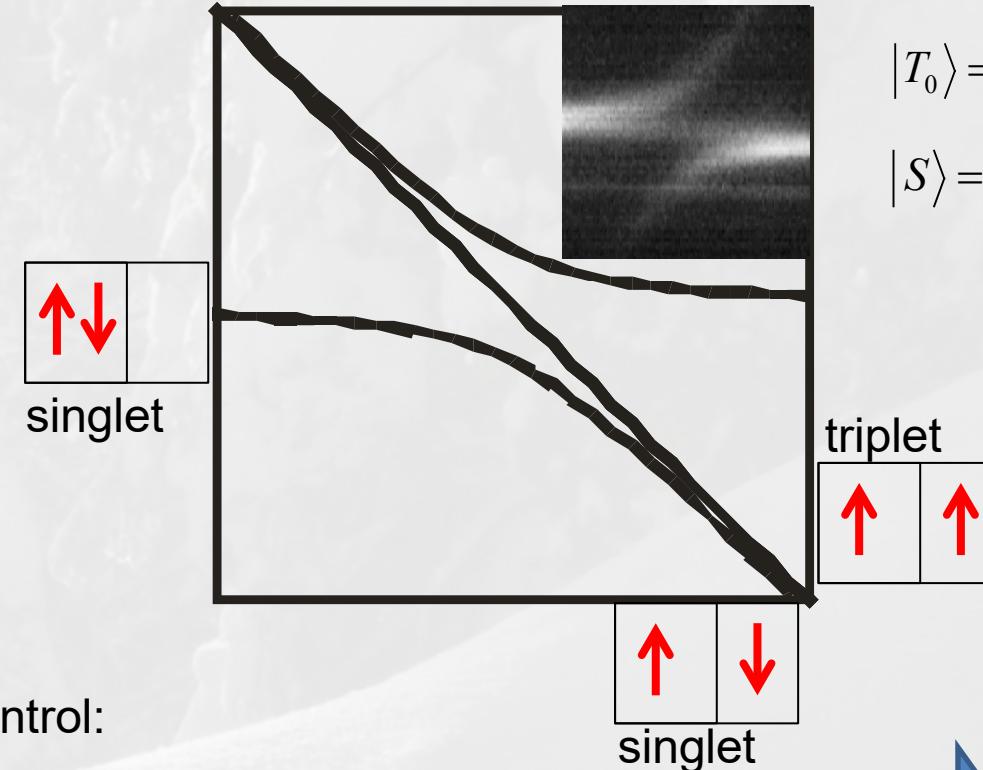
Background



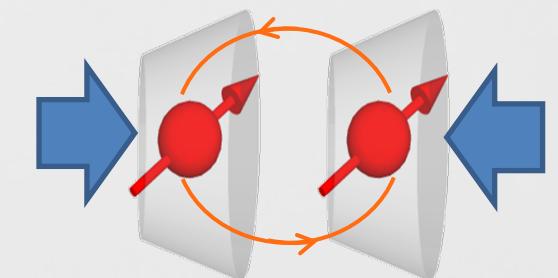
Dot separation and crystal parameters control:

- Transition energy
- Sensitivity to electric field
- Coupling of electrons/holes to the lattice
- Coherent tunneling → anticrossing splitting → singlet/triplet splitting

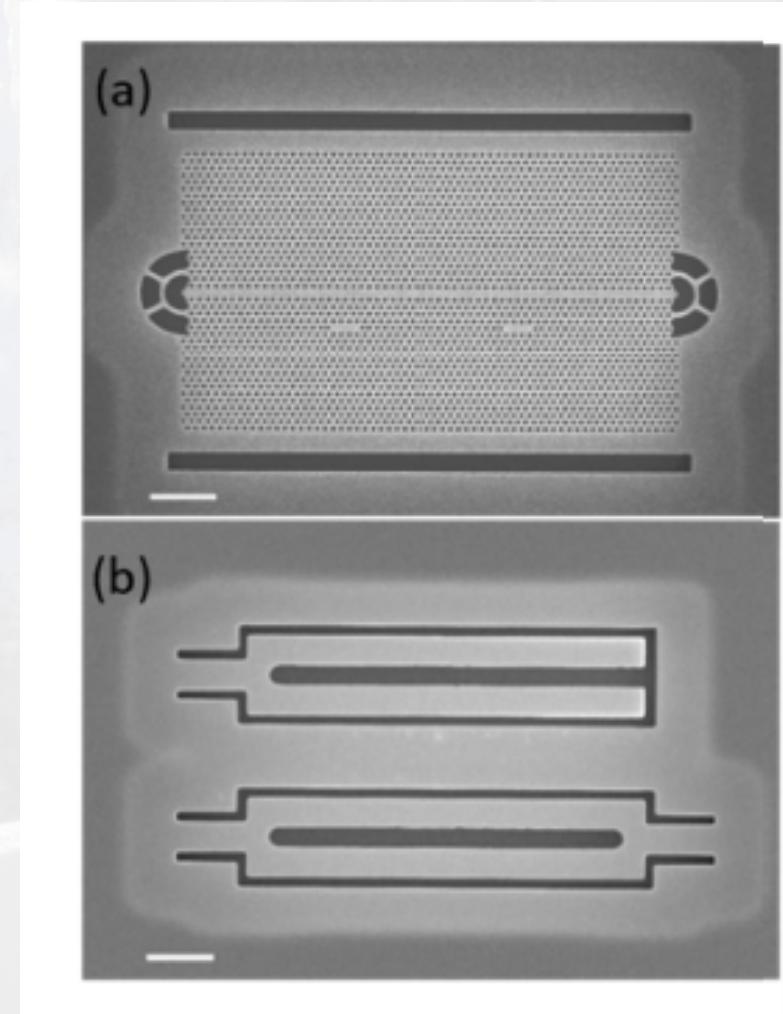
Applying strain affects all these aspects



$$|T_0\rangle = |\uparrow\rangle_1 |\downarrow\rangle_2 + |\downarrow\rangle_1 |\uparrow\rangle_2$$
$$|S\rangle = |\uparrow\rangle_1 |\downarrow\rangle_2 - |\downarrow\rangle_1 |\uparrow\rangle_2$$



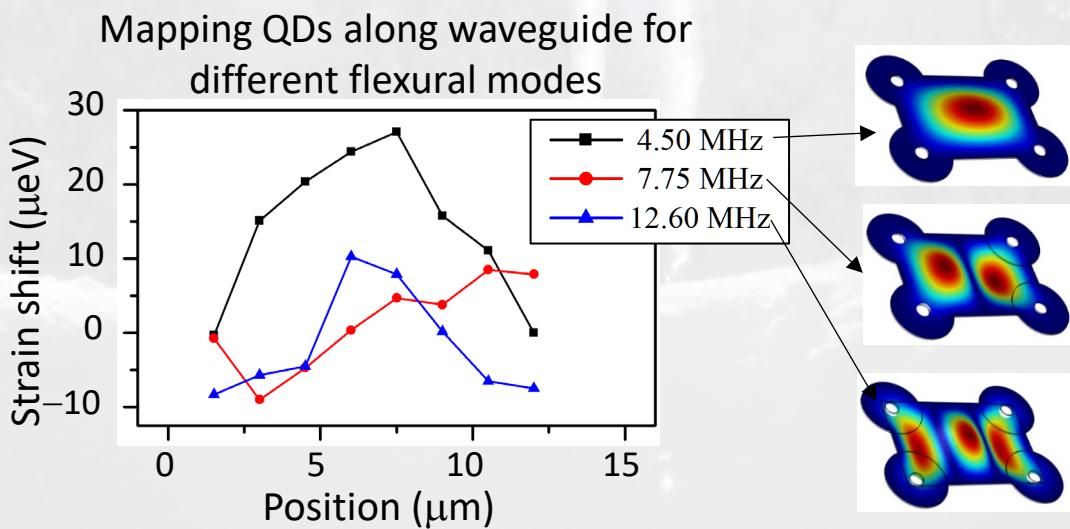
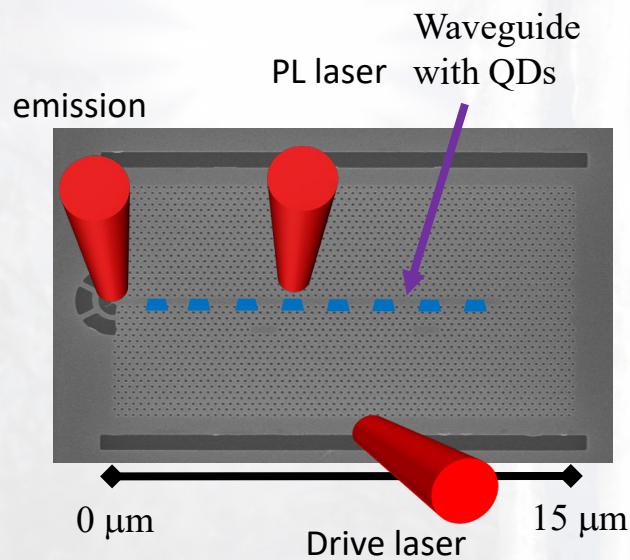
Mechanical Micro-Resonators



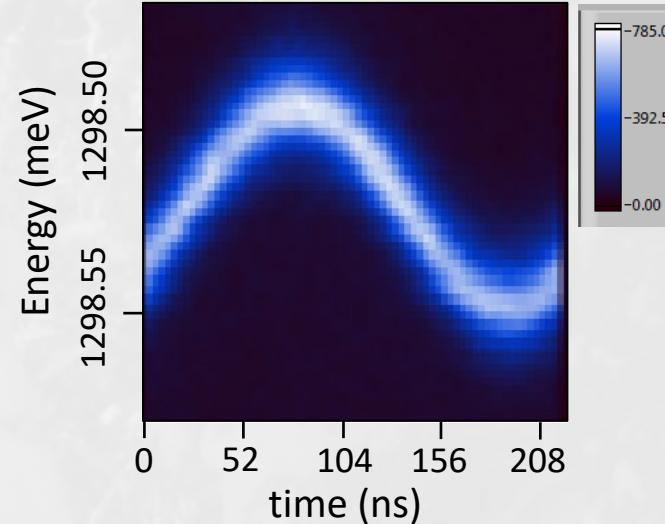
SEM image of
photonic
crystal membrane

SEM image of
tuning
fork structures

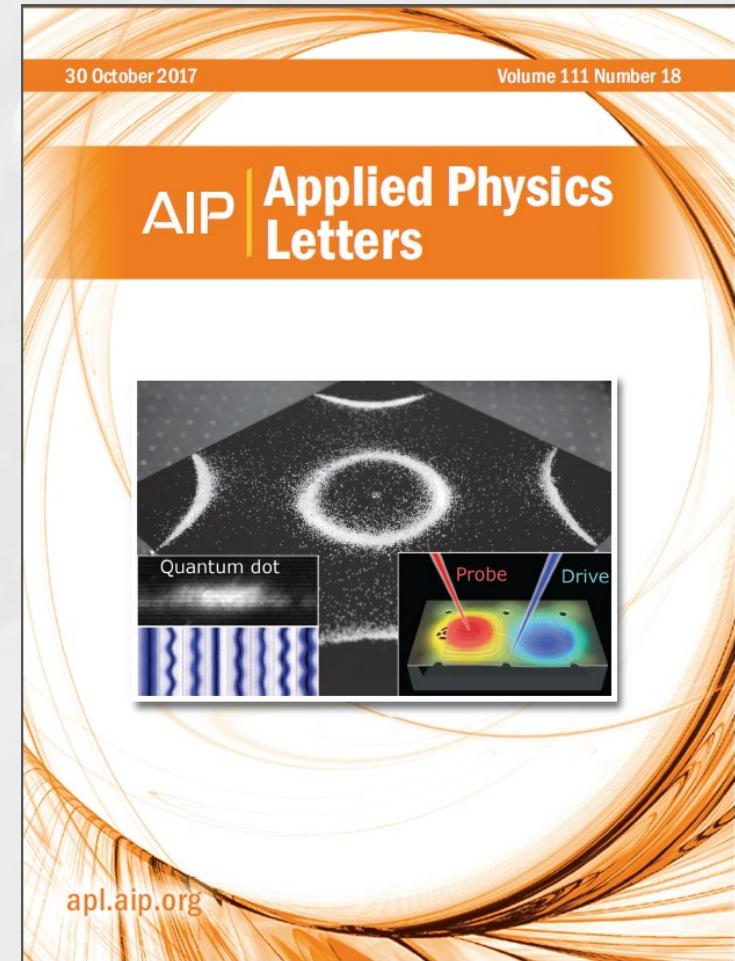
QD-mechanical coupling in a membrane



QD emission when driven at 4.5MHz



Shifts $\pm 27 \mu\text{eV}$

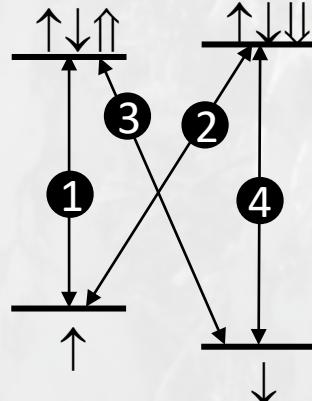
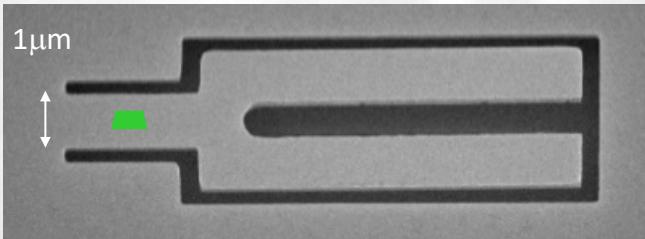


- Gives time-dependent strain from nanometer-sized objects
- Response of QDs stronger than displacement at higher frequencies

Hole-Spin Coupling to Strain/Motion

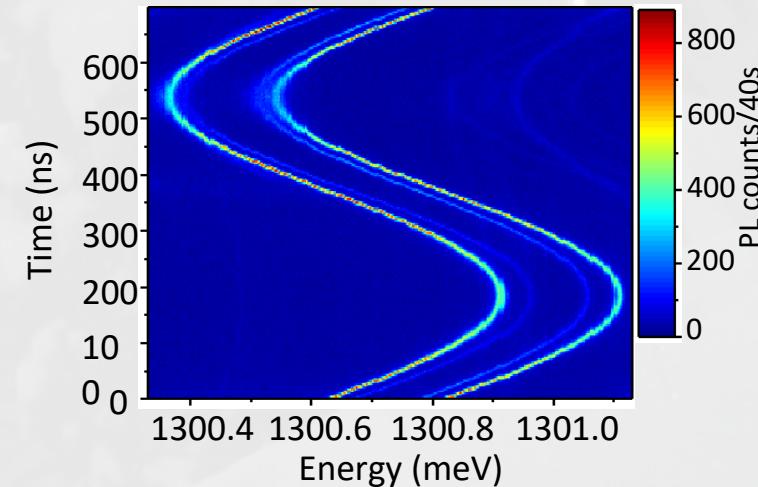
Optically drive mechanical resonance and measure time-dependent changes in optical properties

InAs QD in tuning fork

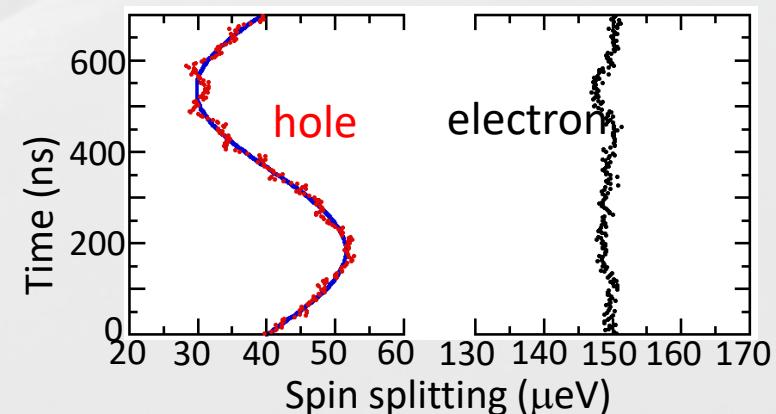


- **±25% change in hole spin splitting**
- No clear change in electron spin
- Hole spin transitions ~1000 times sharper than optical
- Coupling $\sim 17 \text{ THz/strain} \rightarrow g_0 \sim 2\text{kHz}$
- *With improved collection*, estimate sensitivity of $2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ strain/Hz}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ for single QD

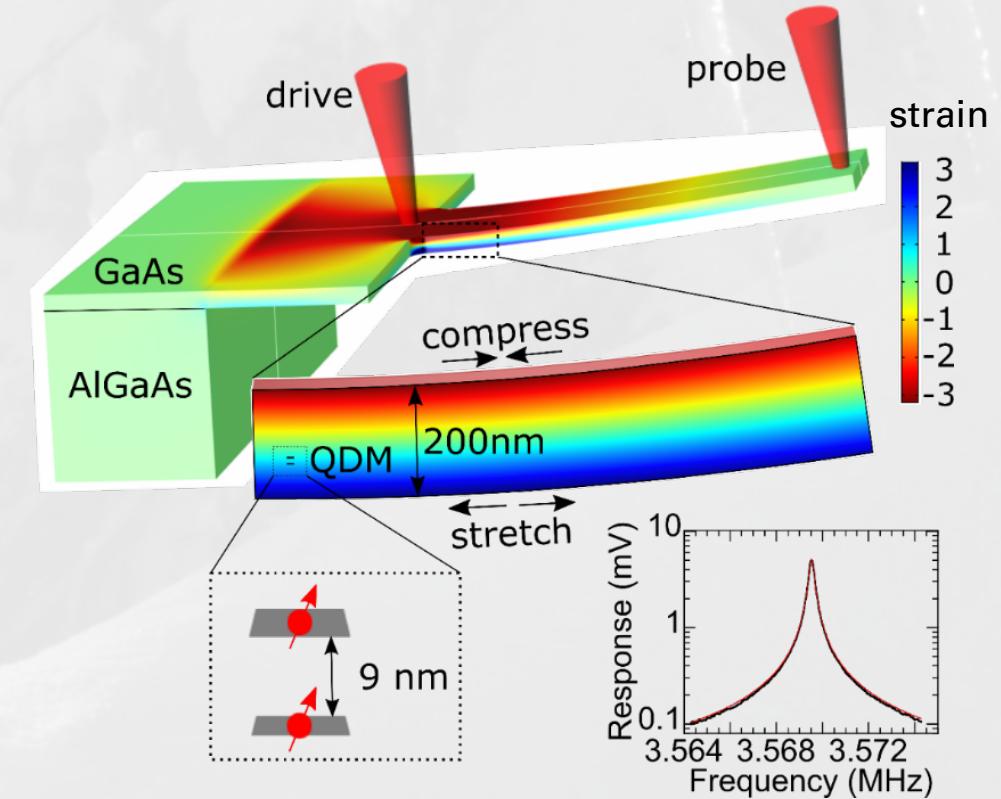
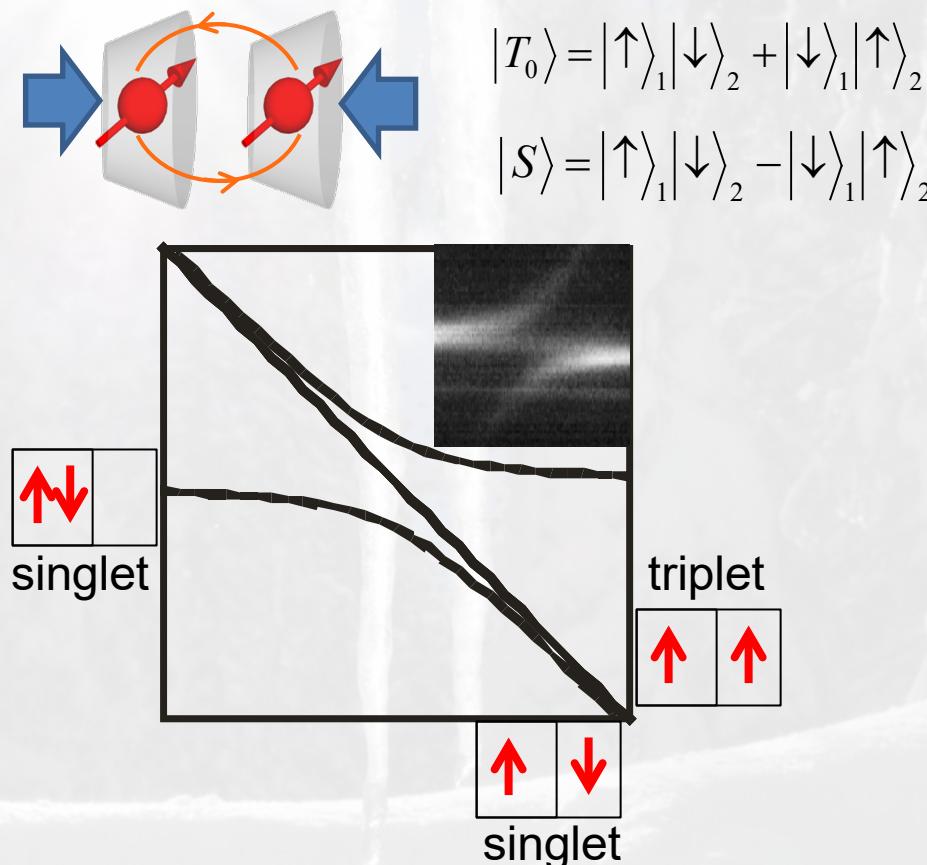
QD emission synchronized to vibration in 6T magnetic field



Spin splittings vs. time

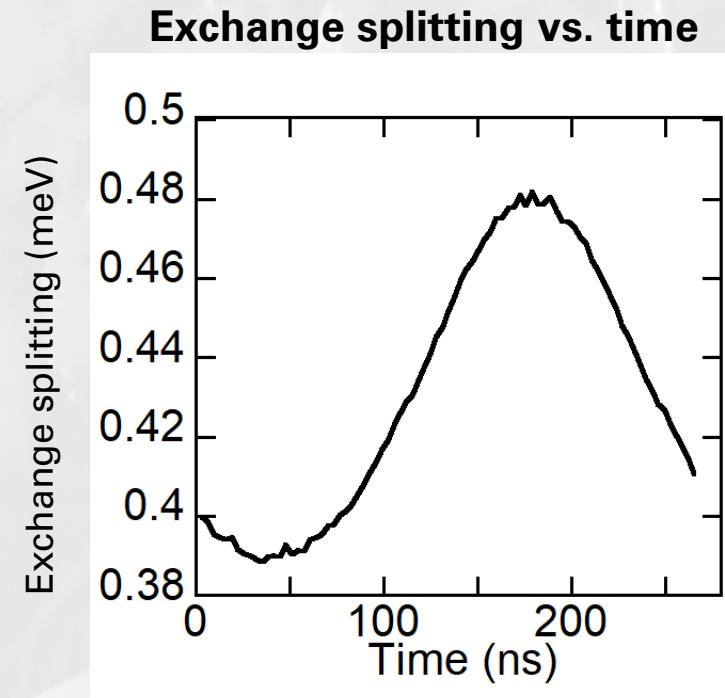
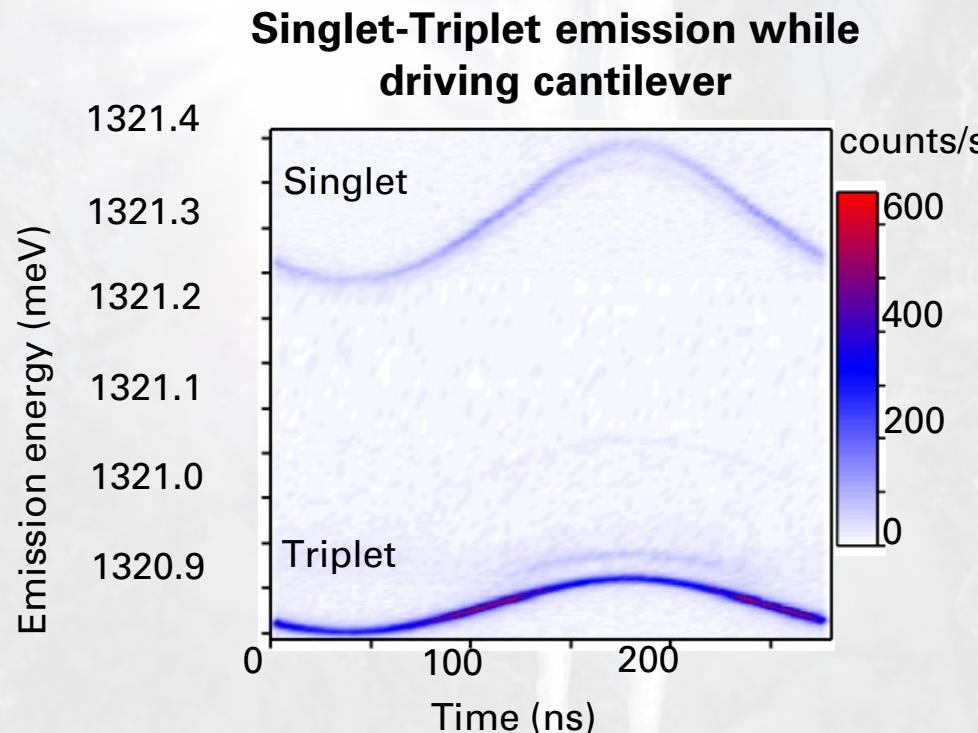


Entangled Spins coupled to Strain/Motion



Each QD feels a different strain

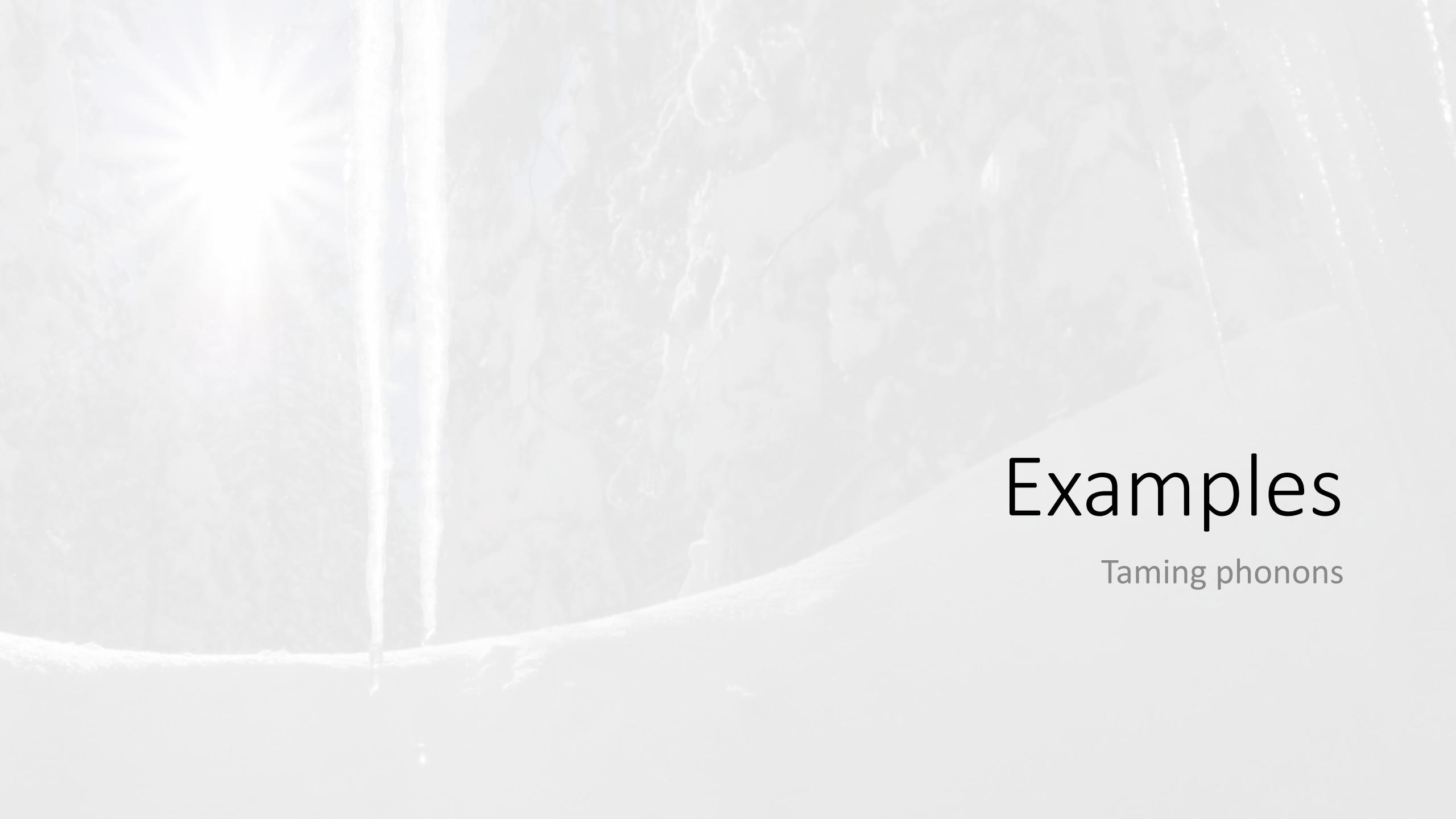
Entangled Spins coupled to Strain/Motion



- Singlet shifts 2.5 times more than the triplets
- 30 times higher spin-strain coupling than single hole spin

$$G_{\text{ex}} \sim 340 \text{ THz/strain}$$

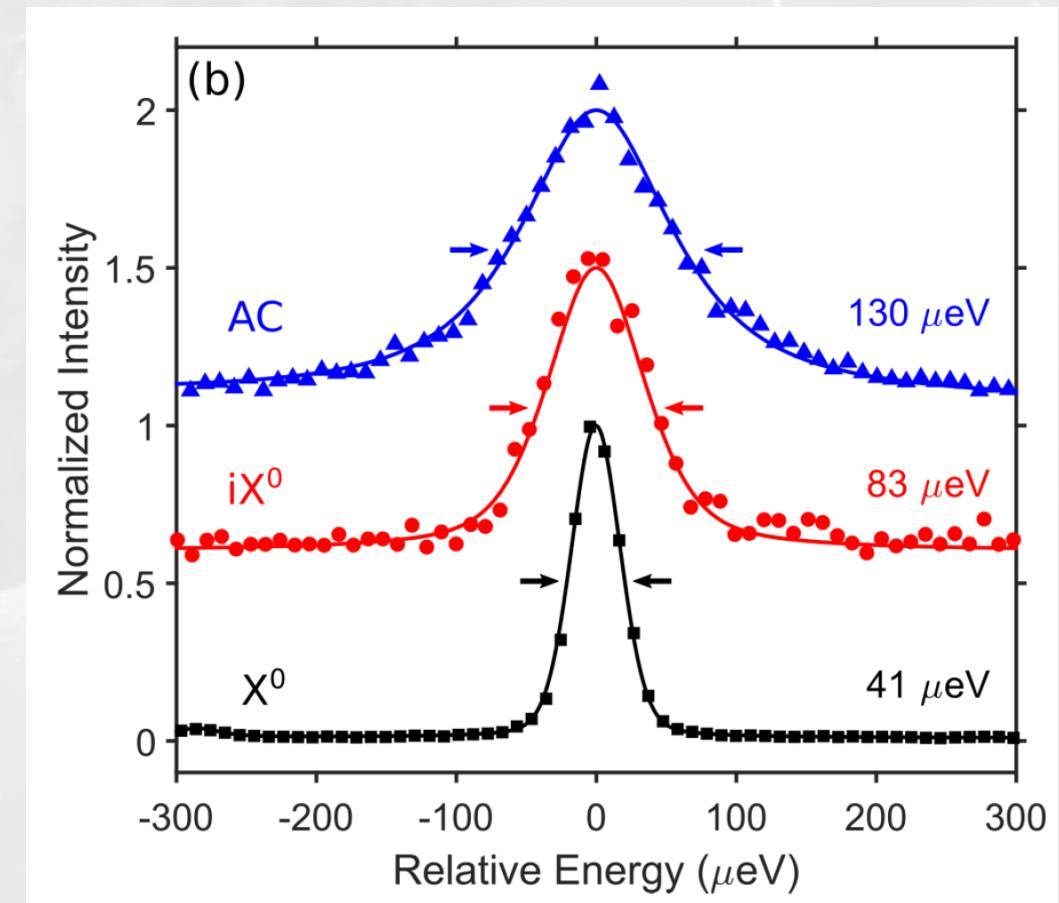
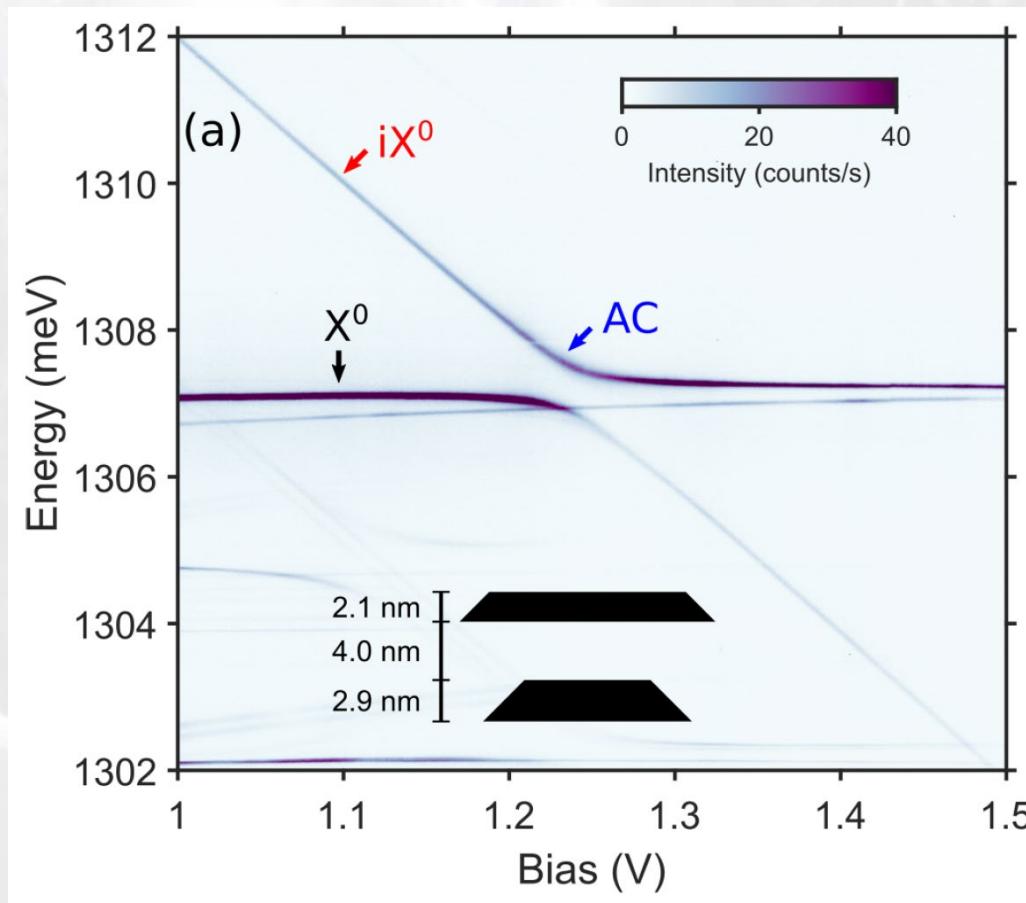
With *optimal collection and $T_2 = 1 \mu\text{s}$* , expect an strain sensitivity of $\sim 10^{-12} \text{ strain/Hz}^{1/2}$



Examples

Taming phonons

Linewidths and Tunneling



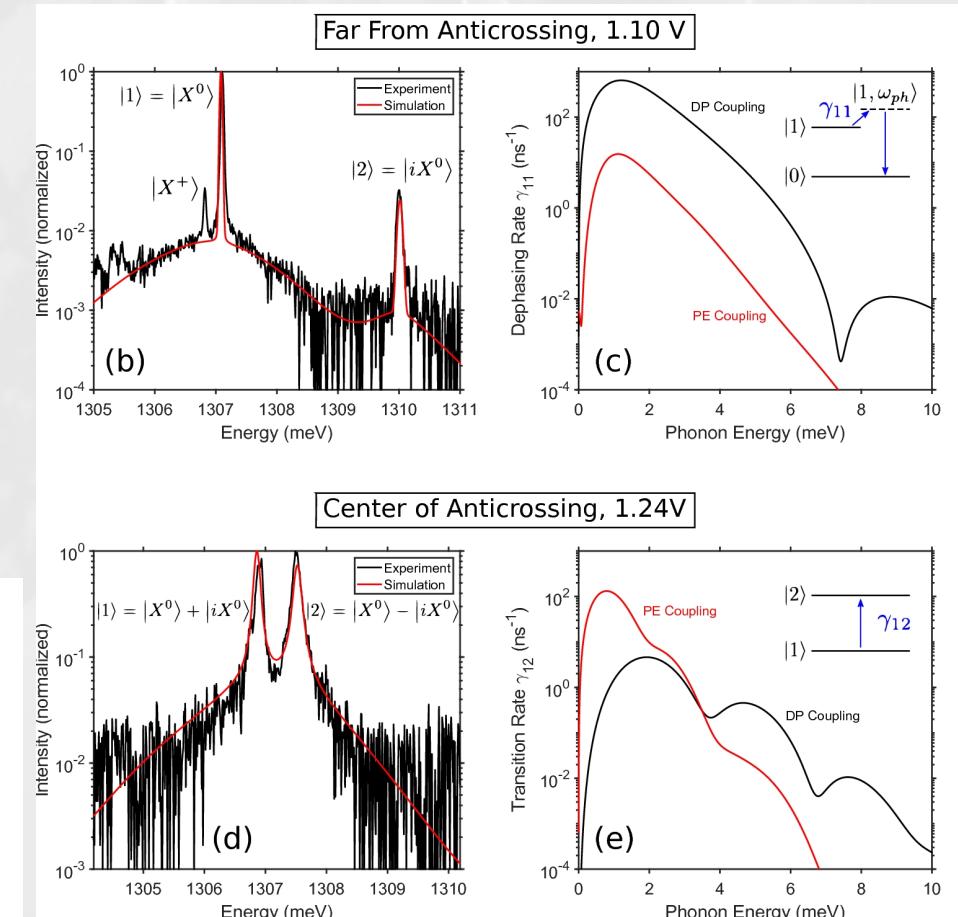
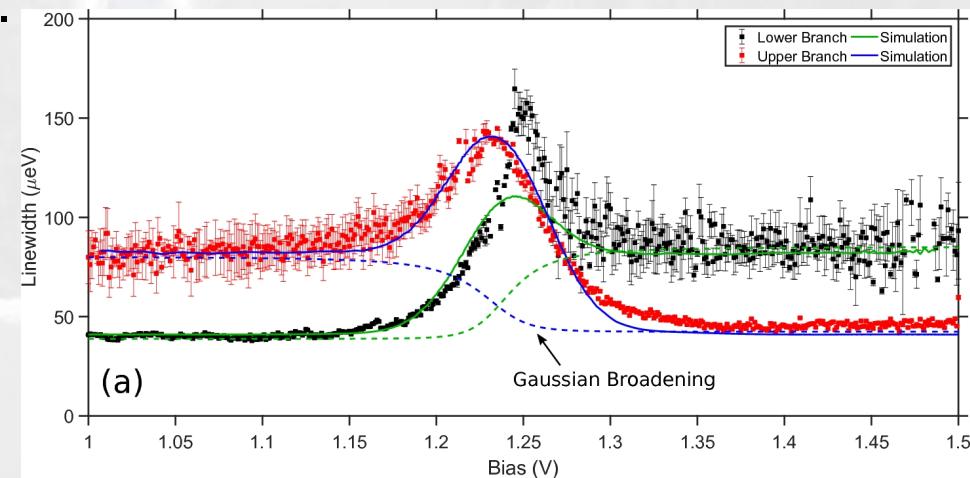
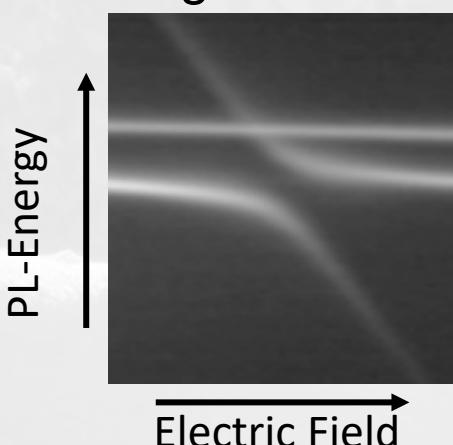
Engineering Electron-Phonon Coupling

Excitonic transition linewidth

- Resonant enhancement of linewidth at tunnel resonances
- Pronounced at tunnel resonances of ~ 1 meV

Model of phonon coupling between exciton states

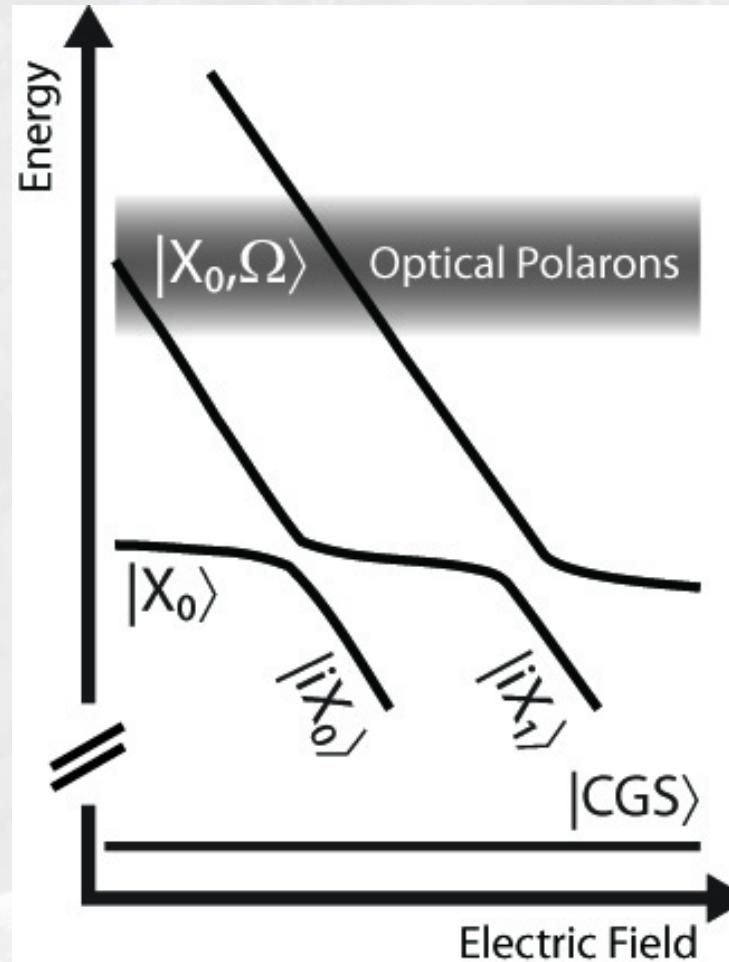
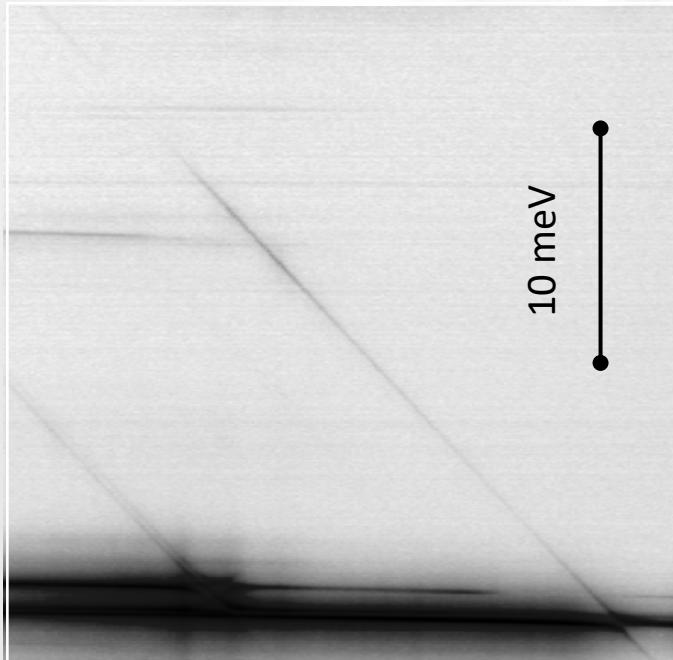
- Deformation potential
- Piezoelectric interactions
- Piezoelectric interactions dominate for phonon energies in the range of ~ 1 meV.



Do enhanced piezoelectric interactions enable higher motion sensitivity or motion control?

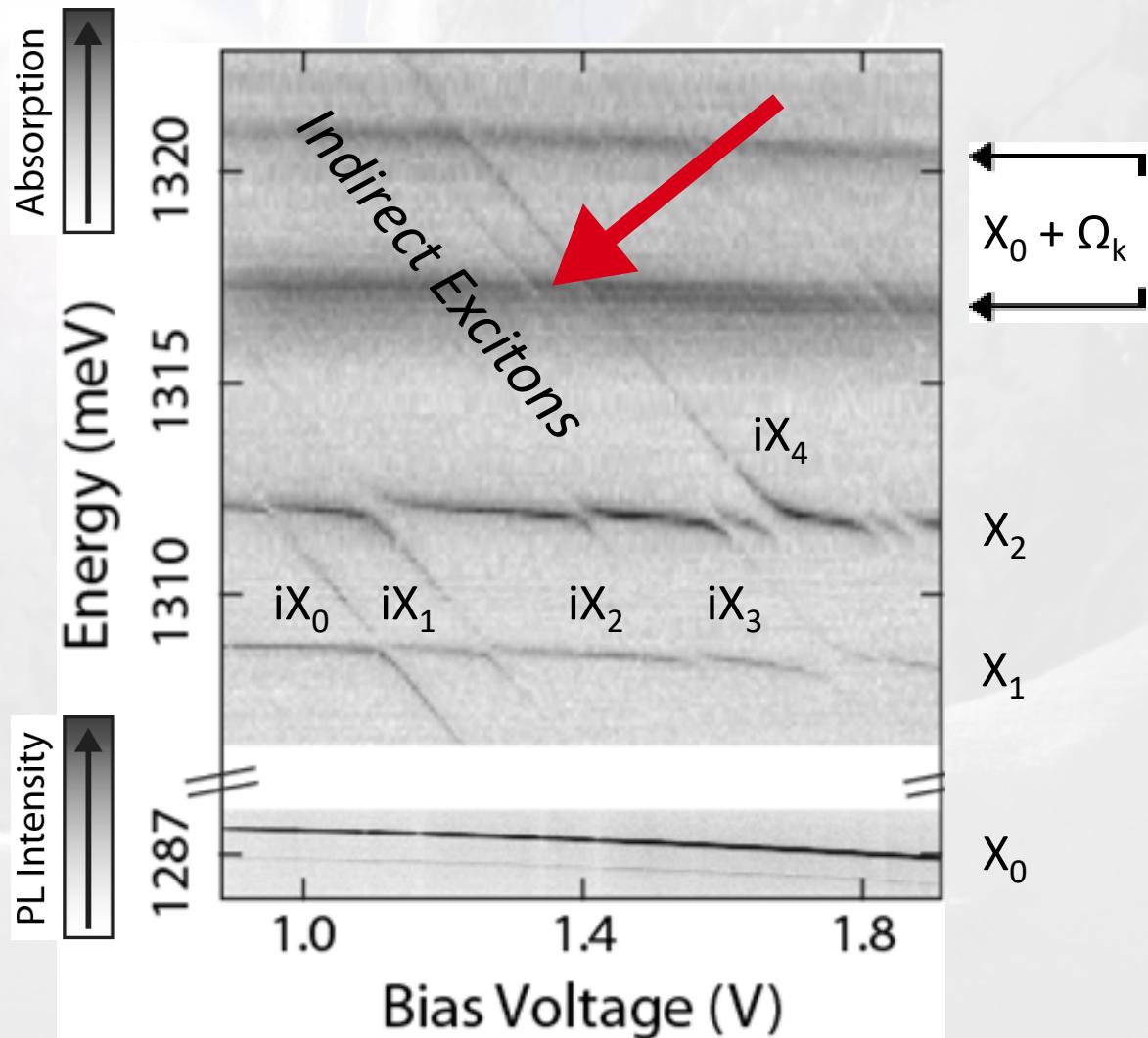
What about higher energy phonons?

Make use of large tuning range:



Requires excited state spectroscopy

QDM Excited States

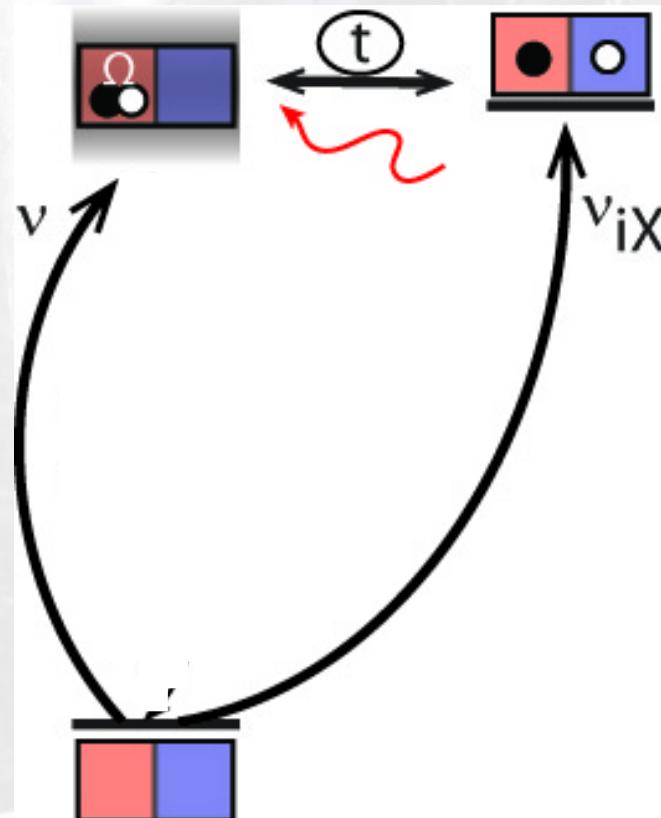


Polaron Continuum
(Ω_k : 28 – 37 meV)

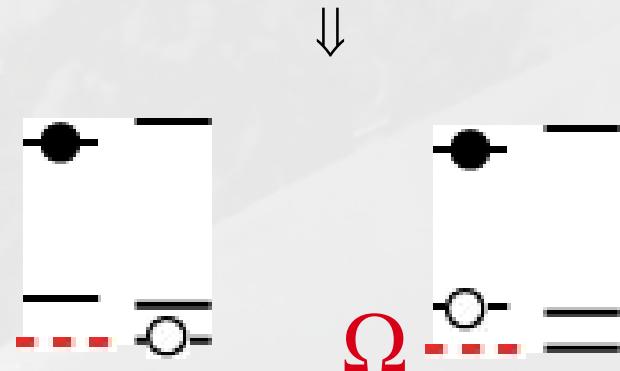
M. Grundmann et al.,
PRB 52, 16 (1995)

Direct Excitons

Interference



Fano-Resonance
[U. Fano, Nuovo
Cimento 12, 154 (1935)]



$$|MP\rangle = |iX_n\rangle \pm |X_0, \Omega\rangle$$

Formation of a Molecular Polaron

Fano Effect

$$I(\omega) = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} \sum_f |\langle f | \hat{V} | 0 \rangle|^2 \cdot \delta(\varepsilon_f - \hbar\omega) = \hbar\omega \cdot \frac{2}{\hbar} \cdot G(\omega)$$

Fermi's Golden Rule
to calculate absorption

$$G(\omega) = -\pi\nu_\Omega\rho \cdot \text{Im} \cdot \left[q_{Fano}^2 \frac{\Delta_{ph} \left(1 + \frac{1}{q_{Fano}} F_{ph}(\omega) \right)^2}{\hbar\omega - \varepsilon_{iX} + i\gamma_{iX} - \Delta_{ph} \cdot F_{ph}(\omega)} + F_{ph}(\omega) \right]$$

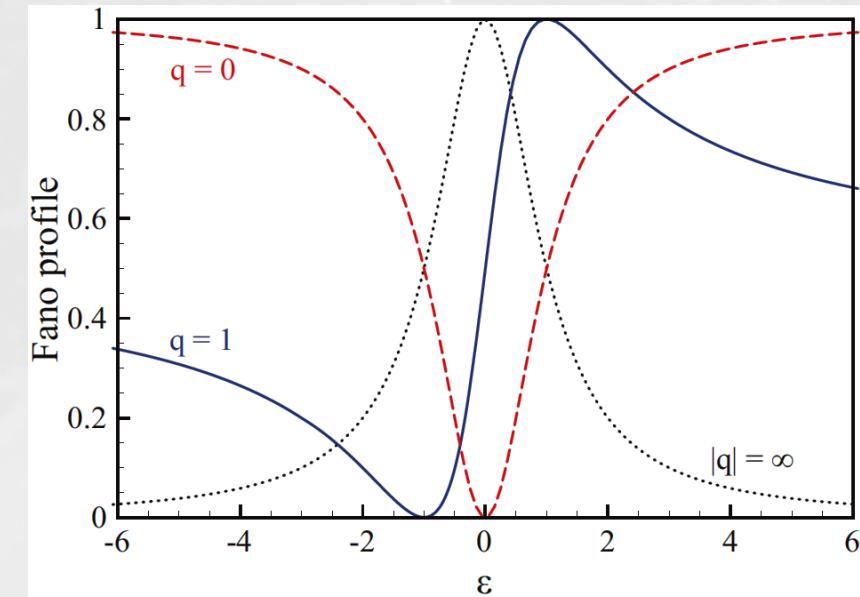
Optical Green's function

$$F_{ph}(\omega) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-D}^{+D} d\delta\varepsilon_{ph} \frac{1}{\hbar\omega - \varepsilon_{QD1} - \hbar\omega_{ph,0} - \delta\varepsilon_{ph} + i\gamma}$$

$$q_{Fano} = \frac{\nu_{iX} t}{\nu_\Omega \Delta_{ph}} = \frac{\nu_{iX}}{\nu_\Omega t \pi \rho} \quad \text{Asymmetry factor of absorption line shape}$$

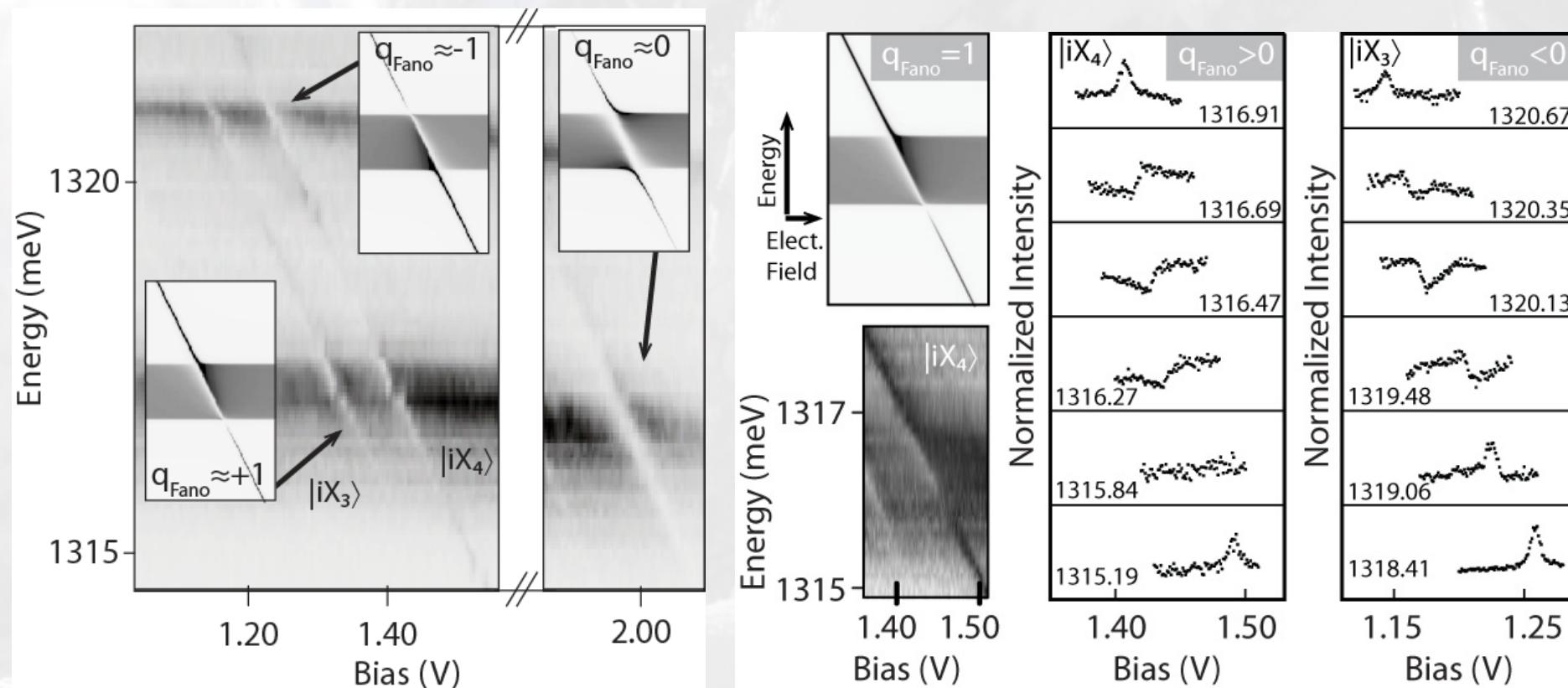
$$\Delta_{ph} = t^2 \pi \rho$$

Additional broadening
due to tunnel coupling



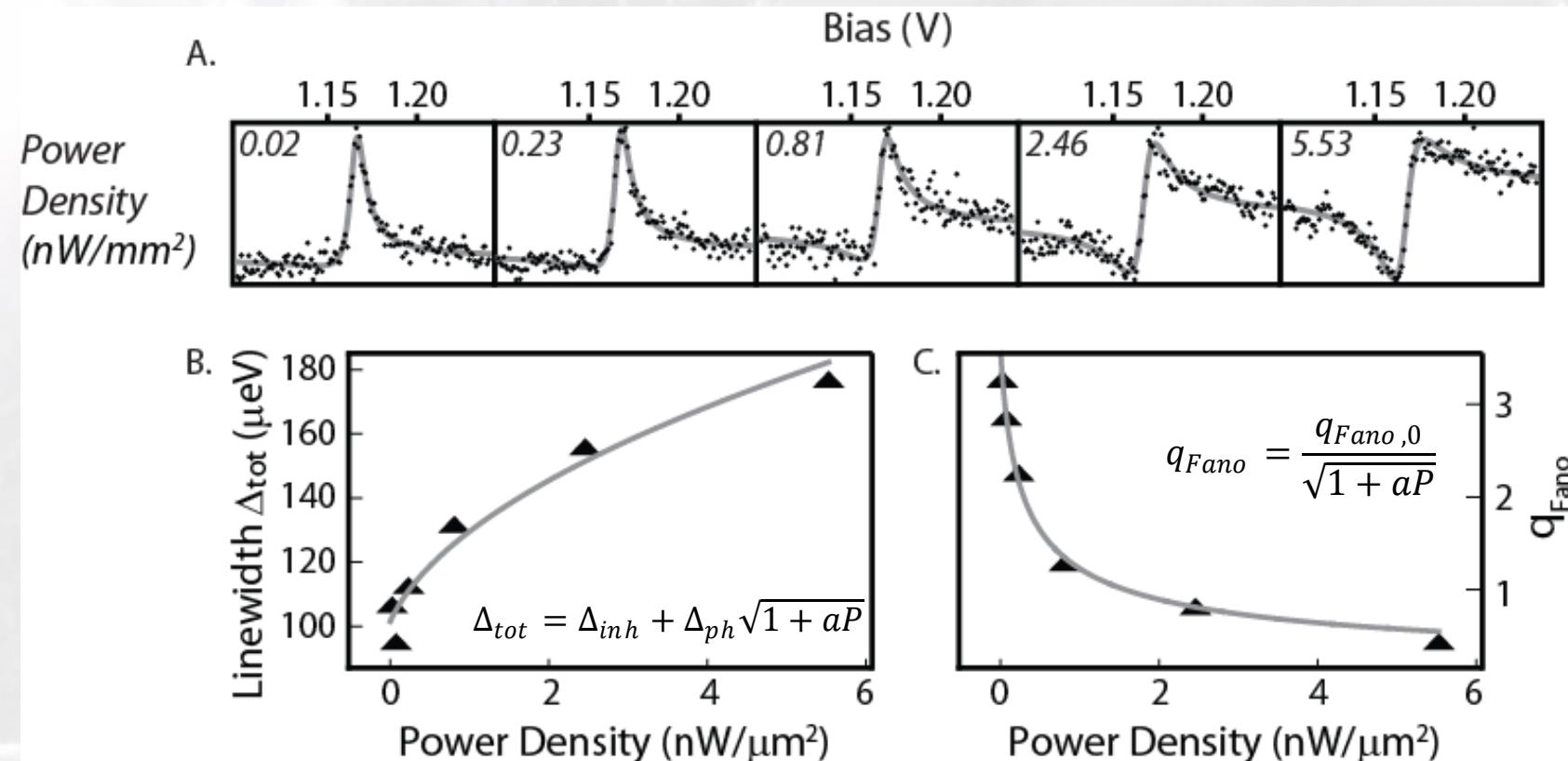
A. Miroshnichenko, et al.,
Rev. Mod. Phys., V 82, (2010)

Verification of Fano Effect



Wide variety of transparency windows

Non-Linearity

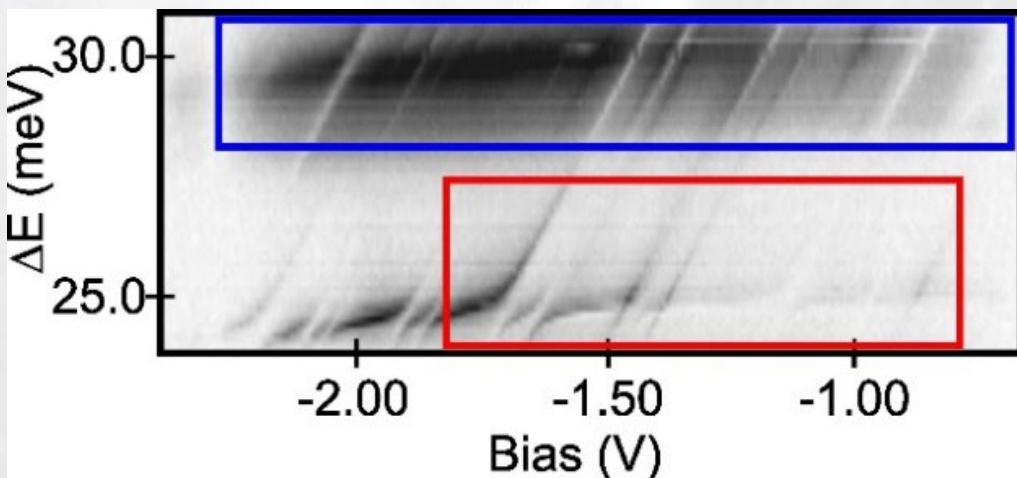


Transparency tunable by bias, energy & power

Outlook

New Application Fields, Challenges, and Opportunities

Harnessing Acoustic Phonons

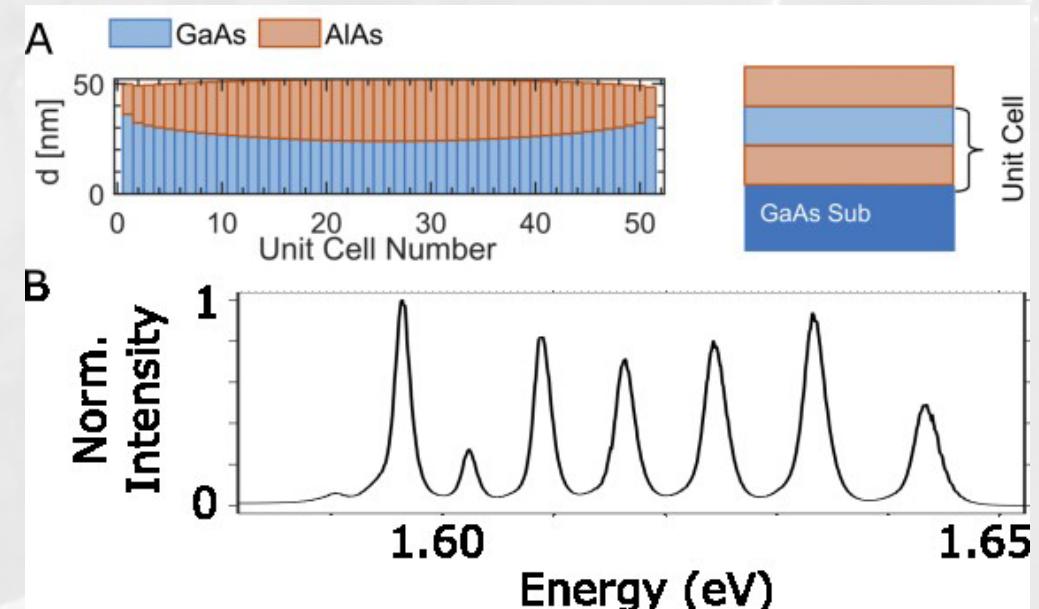


$$q_{Fano} = \frac{\nu_{iX} t}{\nu_\Omega \Delta_{ph}} = \frac{\nu_{iX}}{\nu_\Omega t \pi \rho}$$

Density of states is significantly lower for acoustic phonons

High power? Maybe, but leads to broadening and heating

Modify the density of states via **phonon** cavities:



Combine CQD and Phonon
Cavity Designs

Electrical Scalar Aharonov-Bohm Effect

$$H = H_0 + eV(t).$$

$$V(t) = V_0 \cos \Omega t$$

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = H\psi = [H_0 + eV(t)]\psi$$

$$\psi(\mathbf{x}, t) = X(\mathbf{x})T(t).$$

$$-eV + i\hbar \frac{d \ln T}{dt} = E \quad \text{and} \quad H_0 X = EX.$$

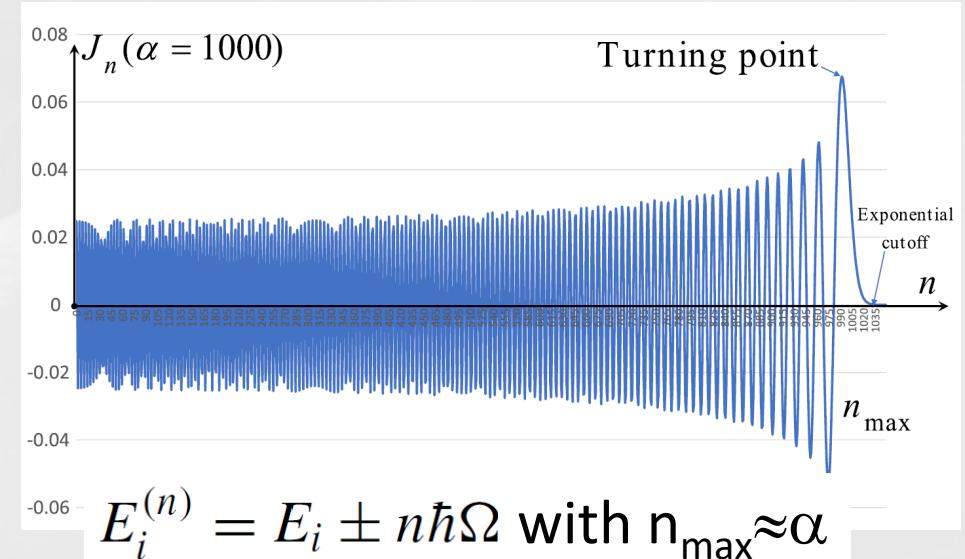
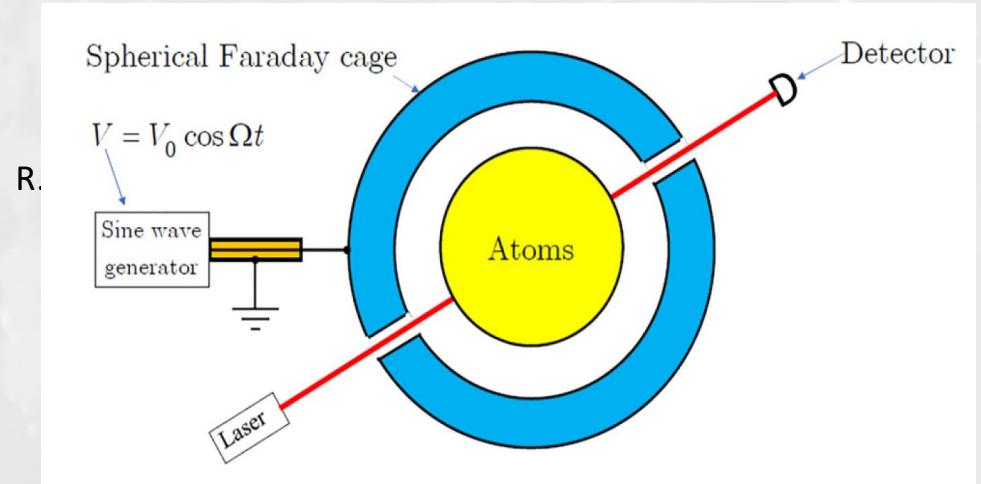
$$T(t) = \exp \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} E_i t - i\alpha \sin \Omega t \right) = \exp \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} E_i t - i\varphi(t) \right)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{eV_0}{\hbar\Omega}$$

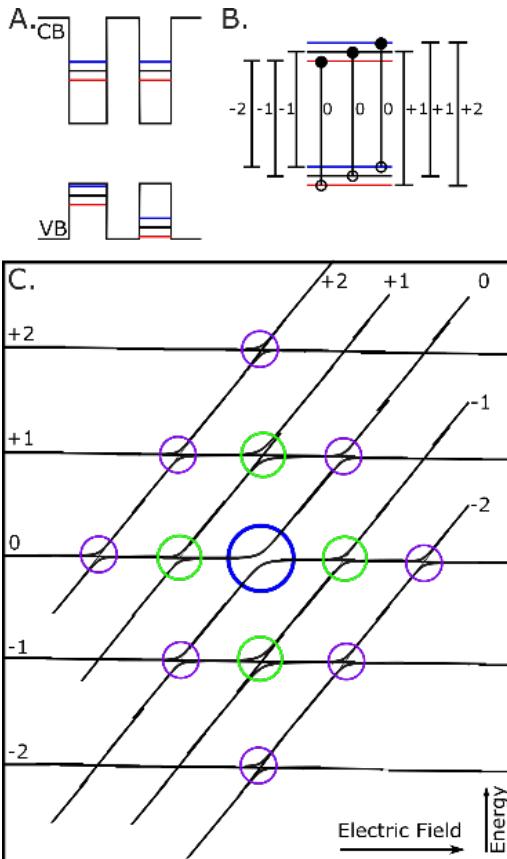
$$\exp[-i\varphi(t)] = \exp(-i\alpha \sin \Omega t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n J_n(\alpha) \exp(in\Omega t)$$

$$\psi_i(\mathbf{r}, t) = \Psi_i(\mathbf{r}) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n J_n(\alpha) \exp \left(-\frac{i(E_i - n\hbar\Omega)t}{\hbar} \right)$$

Temporally Periodic Potential \Rightarrow Jacobi-Anger Side band formation

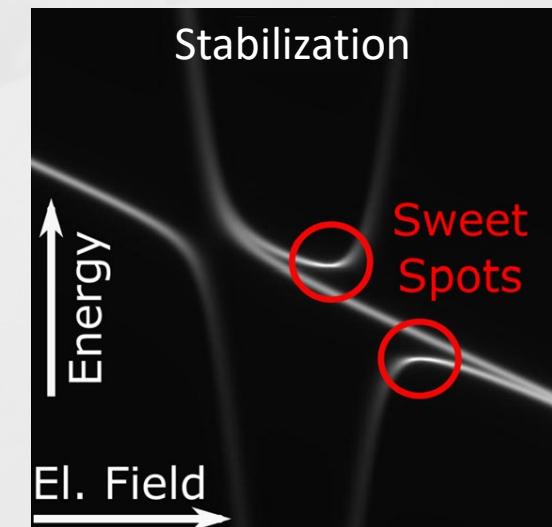


Coupled Dots for SABE

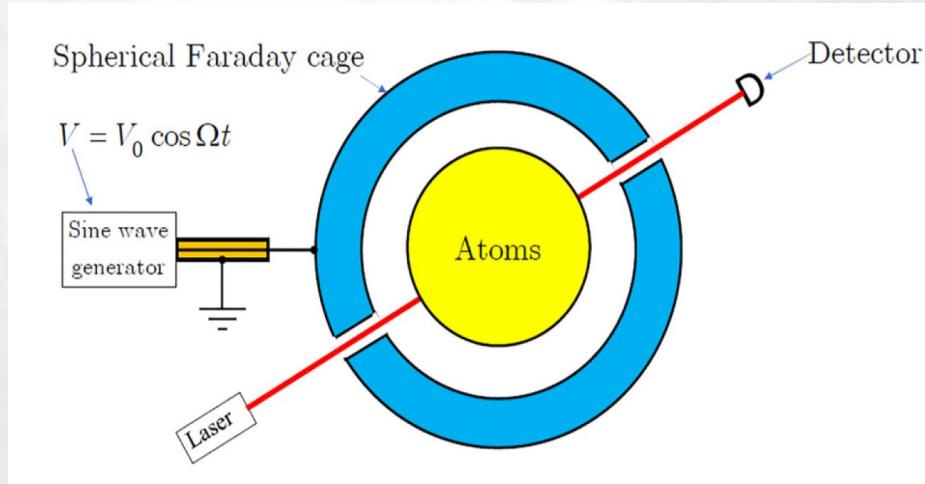


Coupled Quantum Dots Provide:

- Multitude of states with different properties (charge, dipole moment, spin, etc.)
- Ability to coherently couple/hybridize these states
- Ability to engineer the wave functions and
 - Stabilize states against noise and decoherence
 - control the interactions
- Ability to generate coherent quantum interferences between different species
 - Different charge states
 - Opto-electronic states and phonons and/or mechanical resonator modes
- ...

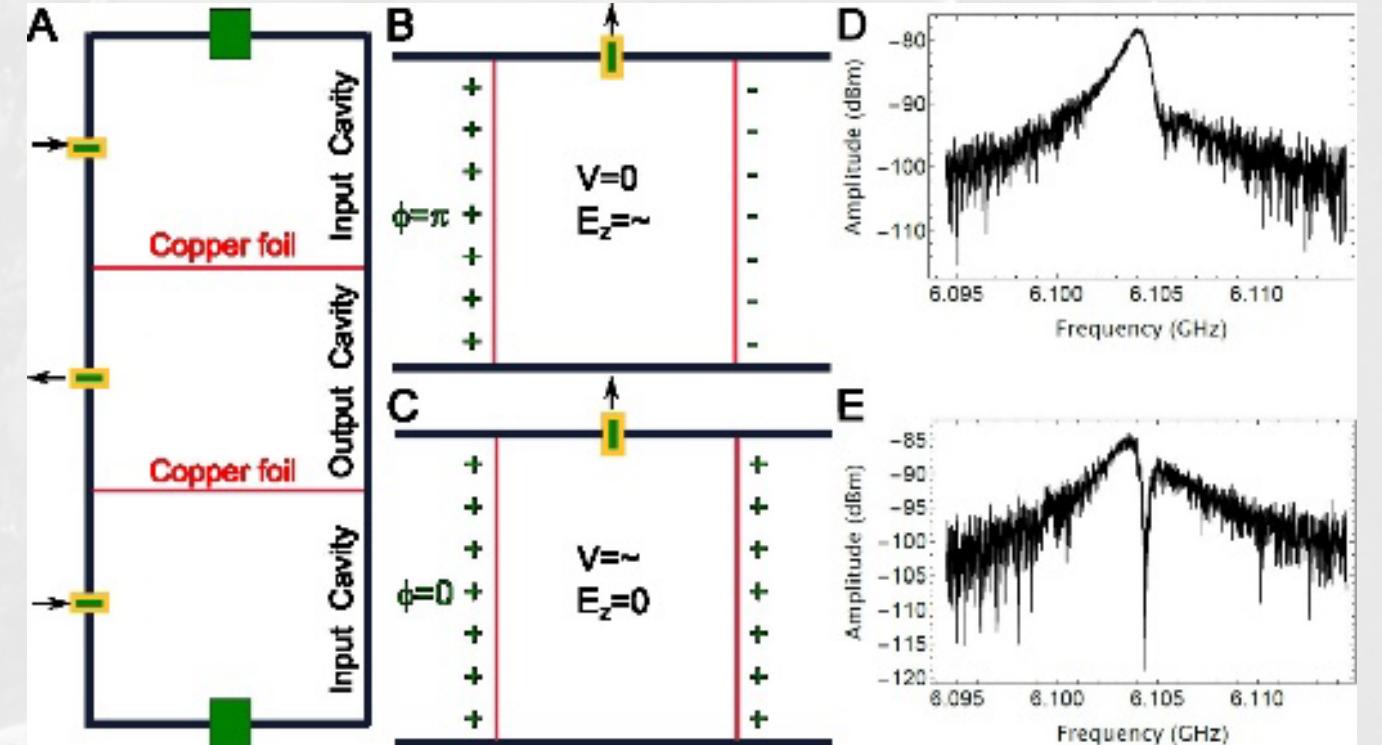


Electrical Scalar Aharonov-Bohm Effect



R. Y. Chiao et al., *PRA*, 107, 042209 (2023)

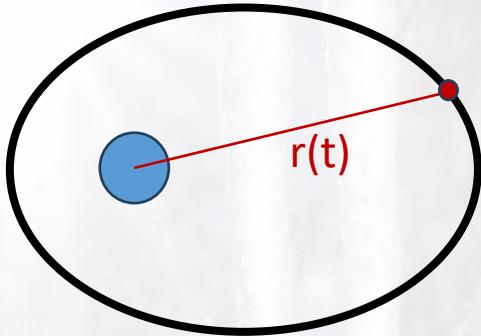
Need:
Electric Potential Modulation without
Electric Field modulation



Coupled Microwave Cavities by Michael Tobar's group @ UWA

Incorporate CQDs with cavity system

Gravitational Scalar Aharonov-Bohm Effect



Pure potential variation obtained by nearly circular orbit:

Perpetual free fall with potential varying as:

$$\Phi_g(t) = -\frac{GM}{r(t)}$$

$$r(t) = \frac{r_p + r_a}{2} + \frac{r_p - r_a}{2} \cos(\Omega t) \equiv A + B \cos(\Omega t)$$

$$\Phi_g(t) \approx -\frac{GM}{A} \left[1 - \frac{B}{A} \cos(\Omega t) \right]$$

Mass of quantum system is critical

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = H\psi = (H_0 + m\Phi_g(t))\psi$$

$$-m\Phi_g + i\hbar \frac{1}{T} \frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{1}{X} H_0 X$$

$$\psi_i(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

$$= \Psi_i(\mathbf{r}) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n J_n(\alpha) \exp(in\Omega t) \exp\left(-\frac{i(E_i + \frac{GmM}{A})t}{\hbar}\right)$$

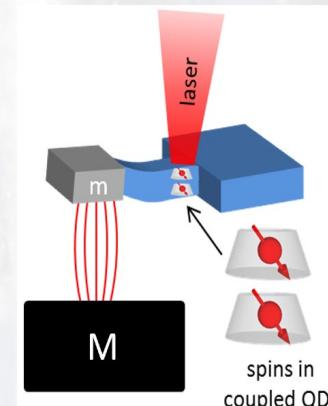
$$= \Psi_i(\mathbf{r}) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n J_n(\alpha) \exp\left(-\frac{i(E_i + \frac{GmM}{A} - n\hbar\Omega)t}{\hbar}\right).$$

$$E_i^{(n)} = E_i + \frac{GmM}{A} \pm n\hbar\Omega \equiv \tilde{E}_i \pm n\hbar\Omega,$$

$$\alpha \equiv \frac{GmM}{\hbar\Omega A^2} \quad \text{with } n_{\max} \approx \alpha$$

Related Projects & Programs

Quantum-enhanced motion sensing
using entangled spins in quantum dots
(UCM, NRL, (VT); DTRA)



GraSP: Gravity-Spin-Probe

Semiconductor quantum emitters for probing gravitational signatures at the quantum scale (UCM, CSUF, UWA, UNSW, UCF, NETL)

Gravitational Aharonov-Bohm effect, Chiao, et al., Phys. Rev D 109, 064073 (2024)
<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.109.064073>

Energy-level shift of quantum systems via the scalar electric Aharonov-Bohm effect, Chiao, et al., Phys. Rev A 107, 042209 (2023).
<https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevA.107.042209>

The logo consists of a stylized globe composed of colored dots (blue, green, yellow) on the left, followed by the acronym "ONDESA" in large blue capital letters. Below it, the text "CONVERGENCE OF NANO-ENGINEERED DEVICES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AND SUSTAINABLE APPLICATIONS" is written in smaller blue capital letters.

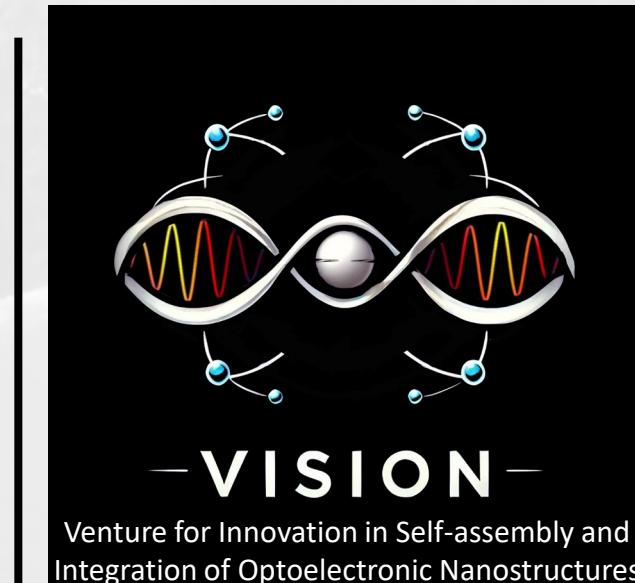
ONDESA
CONVERGENCE OF NANO-ENGINEERED DEVICES FOR
ENVIRONMENTAL AND SUSTAINABLE APPLICATIONS

National Research & Training Grant (NRT)
(UCM, LLNL; NSF)

Thrust 3: Advanced Quantum Sensing for Geoenvironments.

Quantum-enhanced inertial sensing:

- Mass density distributions
- Motion (water flows)
- Magnetic properties of soil (clays)



NSF Award-# 2425230

A (Seed) Partnership for Research & Education
in Materials (PREM)
(UCM, IMOD-STC; NSF)

- RT-1: Quantum Dot Meta-Structures
- RT-2: Atomic Emitters in 2D
- RT-3: Composite Optoelectronic Structures





Michael
Scheibner

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Grishko

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Galeana)
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Foster

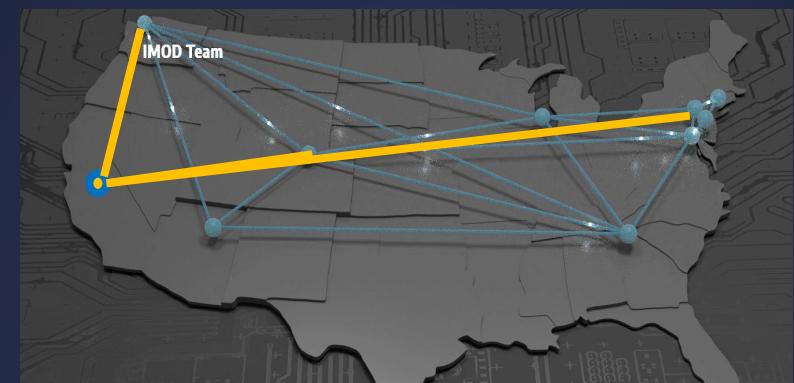
Hayley
Hoang

Bruce
Barrios

Muzzakkir
Amin

Joseph
Spinuzzi

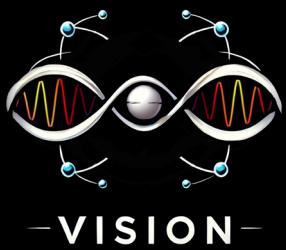
Asmitha
Mekala



VISION-PREM

Venture for Innovation in Self-assembly and Integration
of Optoelectronic Nanostructures (VISION)

A Seed Partnership for Research & Education in
Materials| UC Merced – IMOD-STC



VISION Leads

PI: Michael Scheibner

Leads @ UCM

Sayantani Ghosh (Co-PI, EWT-Lead)
Hui Cai (Co-PI, RT-3 Lead, UG-lead)
Tao Ye (RT-1 Lead, Grad-Lead)
Mehmet Baykara (RT-2 Lead)



Leads @ IMOD

David Ginger (Co-PI)
Lisa Neshyba (Co-PI)



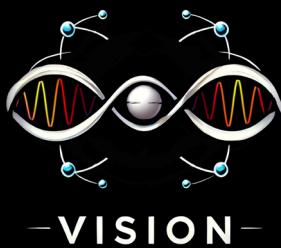
Staff @ UCM

Korynn Maravilla



Staff @ IMOD
Denise Bale





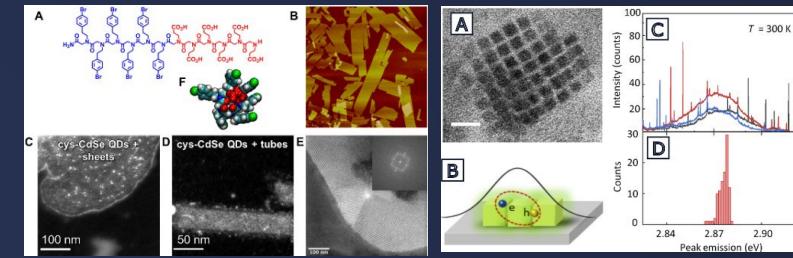
Research Topics

RT-1: Quantum Dot Meta-Structures

1.1: Molecular templated nano-assemblies of colloidal quantum dots

1.2: Structural and optoelectronic characterization

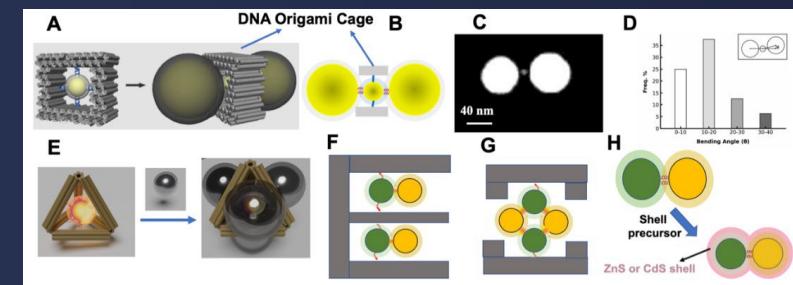
1.3: Single and Cooperative Photon Emitters



RT-2: 2D-hosted atom-like structures

2.1: Optoelectronic properties of atoms and molecules in 2D materials

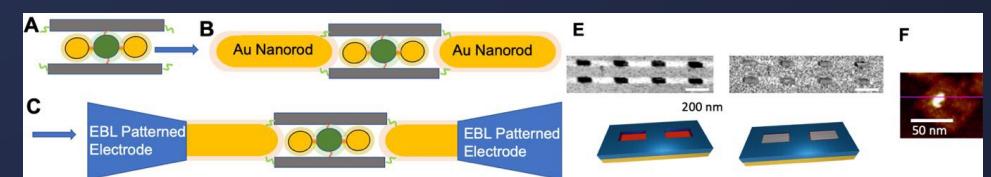
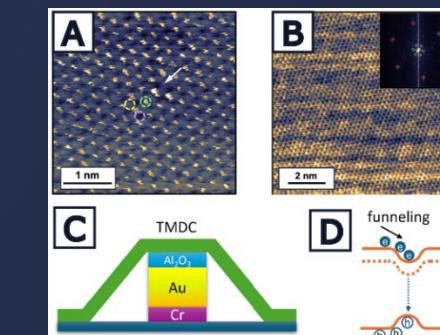
2.2: Strain and defect-engineered atom-like emitters in 2D materials

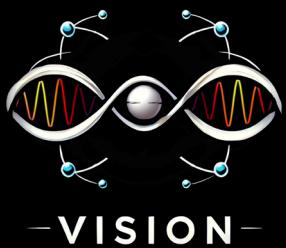


RT-3: Composite Optoelectronic Structures

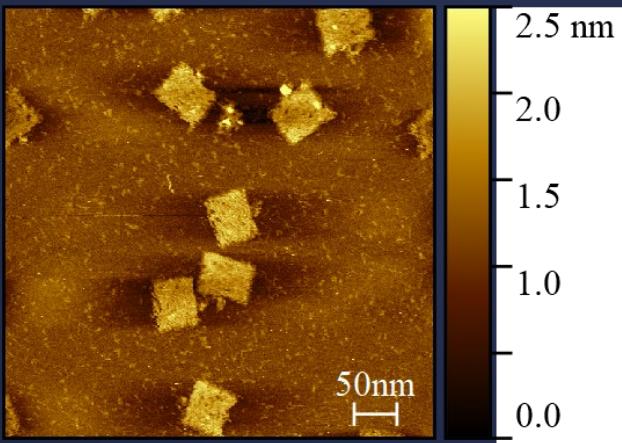
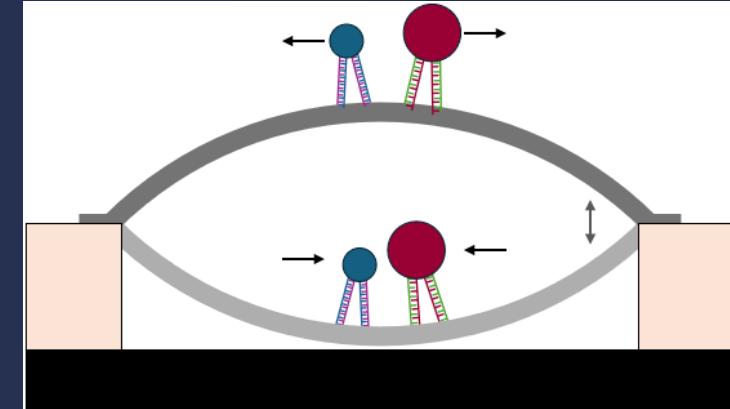
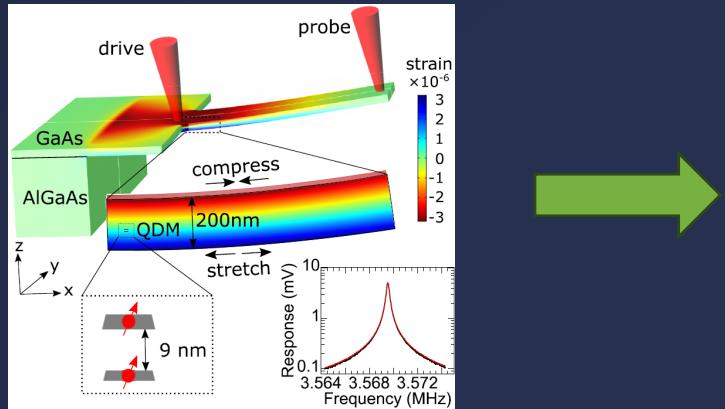
3.1: Hierarchical integration of solid-state atomistic assemblies

3.2: Light-matter interaction by design through spatial arrangement and photonic integration

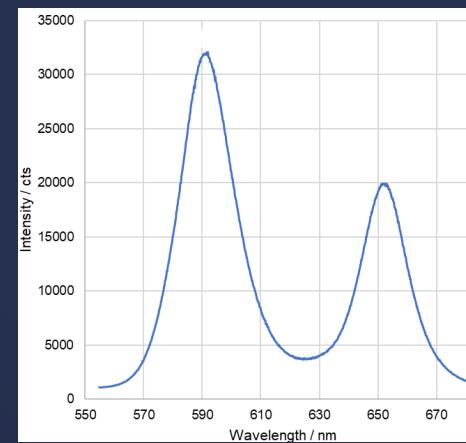




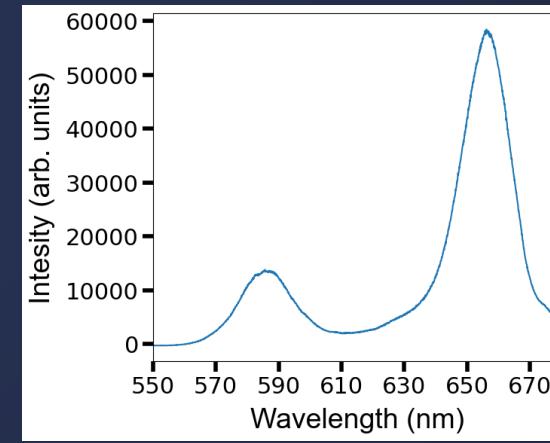
DNA-templated CQDs



AFM image of DNA origami tiles,
Yichen Li, Prof. Tao Ye Group



PL spectra of two QD wavelengths, 600 & 645nm: measurement taken at
295K

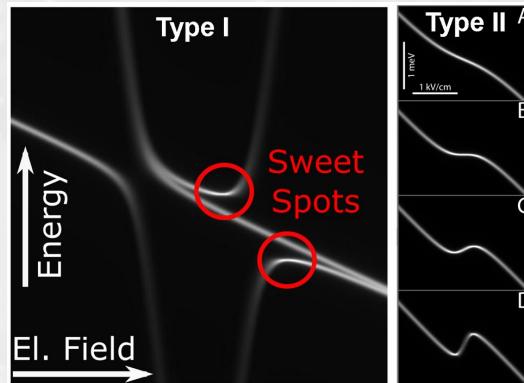


work in progress...

Partnership & Collaboration

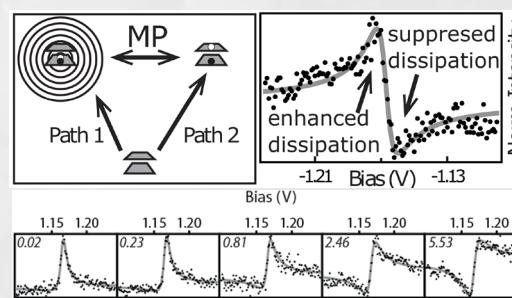
Condensed Matter Quantum Systems for

- *Fundamental Physics*
- *Life- & Environmental Systems*
 - *Natural Resources Localization & Tracking*
 - *Structural Health Monitoring*
 - *Geological Structure and Process Monitoring*
 - *Medical Imaging and Diagnostics*
 - *Energy*
- *Looking for partners for*
 - *Materials & Nanofabrication*
 - *Additive manufacturing & Prototyping*
 - *Quantum programming*
 - *Reciprocal, Experiential Education & Workforce Development Pathways*



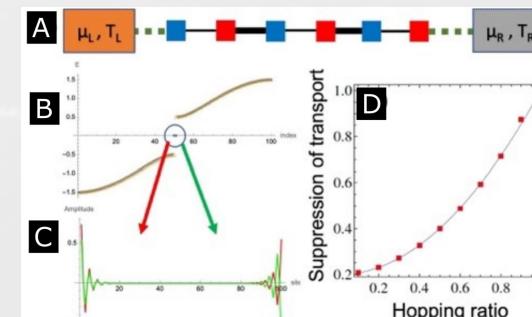
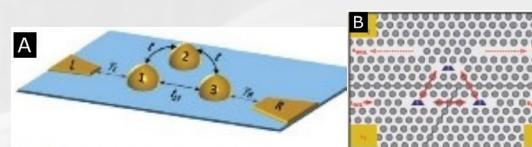
Quantum Molecular Energy Dispersion Engineering

- Generate zero-dispersion points
- Quantum state stabilization
- Patent pending



Quantum Interference Dissipation Engineering

- Fano-type Quantum interference
- Molecular Polaron
- Kerfoot *et al.*, Nat. Com. (2014)
- Patent: US 9,705,081 B2



Topological Structures

- Geometrical arrangement & controlled coupling
- C.-Y. Lai, M. Di Ventra, M. Scheibner, C.-C. Chien, EPL (2018)
- P. Dugar, M. Scheibner, & C.-C. Chien, PRA (2020)
- Y. He, C.C. Chien PLA (2023)

Summary

- Coupled dots/quantum emitters provide a rich basis for fundamental physics and functionalization.
- Enable control over charge, spin-spin, and other interactions
- Make phonons behave non-dissipative and coherent, enabling optophotonics applications and fundamental physics tests.
- Promising system for sensing—strain, motion, acceleration, gravity. Couple mechanical motion to quantum mechanical spin states.

Acknowledgements

Collaborators

NRL: Allan Bracker, Dan Gammon, Sam Carter

Ohio University: Alexander Govorov, Eric Stinaff

AFRL: Stefan Badescu

UCM: Sayantani Ghosh, Tao Ye, Chih-Chun-Chien
Ray Chiao, Jay Sharping, & many more

CSU Fresno: Doug Singleton, Nathan Inan

IMOD: David Ginger, Lisa Neshyba, & many more

UCF: Michael Leuenberger

NETL: Hari Paudel

UNSW: Stephen Bremner

UWA: Michael Tobar

Financial Support



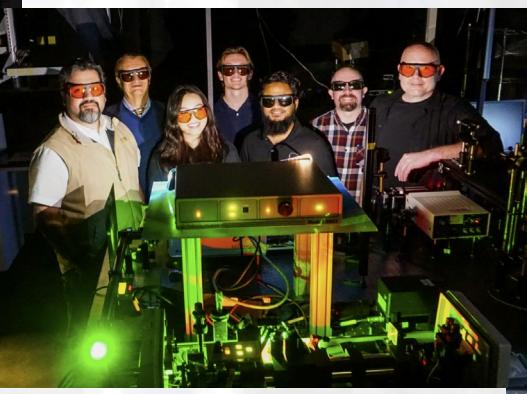
DoD HBCU/MI



DTRA
Defense Threat
Reduction Agency



Quantum Matter Group



Thank you for your attention!



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Edberto
Leal-Quiros, PhD.



Joseph
Spinuzzi



Muzzakkir
Amin



Derrick
Pickrel



Hayley
Hoang



Bruce
Barrios

