

Research and product development at DuPont Photovoltaic Solutions

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OPPIND

Outline

- DuPont Introduction
- DuPont Photovoltaics
- Solamet[®] PV Metallization Pastes
 - Metal Induced recombination
- Holistic Reliablitiy program
 - Advanced module encapsulation



Let me introduce myself

- UNSW:
 - Undergrad (PV)
 - Worked at Pacific Solar on student project
 - · Worked for thin-film group as lab assistant
 - PhD thin-film c-Si solar cells
- IBM: Postdoc
- Silexos: Device team leader
- Innovalight: Process Engineering
- DuPont: Current











Understanding Materials, Cells, Modules – Under One Roof





DuPont Silicon Valley Technology Center



DuPont is a Science Company

We work collaboratively to find sustainable, innovative, market-driven solutions to solve some of the world's biggest challenges, making lives better, safer, and healthier for people everywhere.



DuPont Has Evolved Over Two Centuries



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Our Strategic Priorities

Our strategy is to be a premier market-driven science company and generate superior shareholder returns.



AGRICULTURE & NUTRITION

BIOBASED INDUSTRIALS

ADVANCED MATERIALS

THE DUPONT PORTFOLIO OF INNOVATIVE MATERIALS FOR SOLAR MODULES





DuPont: The Leading Specialty Material Supplier in PV

Solamet® metallization pastes



Driving higher energy conversion efficiency

Tedlar® backsheet films

Protecting PV

modules

Elvax® and lonomer encapsulants



Delivering long-term protection of cells

Rynite® PET Zytel® Nylon composite materials



Reducing system costs and speed up installation

Three Areas Driving The Growth in PVs



All Three Drivers are Inseparable



Solamet[®] Metallization Paste – Delivering Higher Electrical Power







DuPont[™] Solamet[®] Driving Cell Performance Evolution







DuPont[™] Solamet[®] PV19x Industry Collaboration: Superior Performance and Yield Demonstrated on mc-Si

Cell Efficiency Distribution





DuPont[™] Solamet[®] PV76x

Front Side Silver Paste Series Designed for PERC



- Excellent contact performance at lower peak firing temperatures
- Lower firing temperature reduces voids and passivation damage
- >0.15% cell efficiency gain vs. conventional front side pastes



Proven Performance on Industry Leading Mono PERC



Image courtesy of TSEC

- DuPont collaborated with TSEC to develop front and rear side silver pastes optimized to maximize PERC cell performance
- With the new PERC pastes TSEC gained 0.15% cell efficiency to reach over 21%
- The power output of TSEC's newest "V-Series" panels is more than 300Wp and 360Wp in 60-cell and 72-cell configuration respectively

Read more at: http://www.dupont.com/products-and-services/solar-photovoltaic-materials/media/press-releases/20150224-dupont-tsec-high-efficiency-solar-panels.html

Fine Line Evolution by Solamet[®] Paste



35µm finger lines are now possible with PV19X



DuPont[™] Solamet[®] Driving Cell Performance Evolution



Advance fine line innovations achieved by synergy from screen technology, paste and pattern design

Metal induced recombination: Jo.m



Solar cell Jo is the sum of all component, including Jo.m







Design (um)

Voc



Jo.m = 1015 fA/cm²



Non idealities stem from many places: Shunts, Schottky contacts, edges Lighter and shallower emitters = high risk



Finger width (um) within Rsheet



Finger width (um) within Rsheet



Use the two diode model for non-idealities -Suns-Voc tester + fit

non-idealities



- Jo1.m increases for shallower / higher Rsheet emitters
- n=2 recombination is quantified for very shallow emitter



Rsheet (Ω/sq)	Jo1.m (fA/cm2)	Jo2.m (nA/cm2)
90	1420 +/- 200	-12 +/- 6
110	1820 +/- 260	-20 +/- 20
130	2390 +/- 290	510 +/- 80

Metal recombination: emitter etch model



EDNA emitter recombination model

- After M. Abbott et al, IEEE PVSC Denver 2014



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Holistic Cell and Module Durability Program

- Evaluate durability for PV materials and their interactions and synergies in module
- Provide science-based understanding of materials-related lifetime performance
- Develop products with highest durability to deliver more power output



Proven Track Record of Paste Reliability in Various Industries

- More than 40 years thick film composition experiences in high reliable requirement industries e.g., automotive, telecom, military...
- Over 30 years engagement in solar applications



Field Studies Reveal Quality Issues



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DuPont Field Module Program

- Inspected >60 global installations (>200 MW & 1.5 million modules) in NA, EU, & AP ranging from 0-30 years installed
- Data includes c-Si modules from > 45 module manufacturers

IEEE PVSC (New Orleans, 2015, A. Bradley et al)

Subcomponent degradation mode pareto based on visual inspection

41% of inspected modules exhibited some visual defect Findings consistent with BP and SunPower data



Advanced Encapsulants



Modules with Ionomer encapsulant provide superior reliability

Modules with Ionomer encapsulant are free of snail trails

Modules with Ionomer encapsulant are PID free



EVA as encapsulant

lonomer as encapsulant

Modules with Standard types of EVA show snail trails, while Ionomers Prevent the Failure Mode

QIPON)

Snail Trails

- Mysterious dark lines criss-crossing PV modules
- First occurrence in Spain in March 2007
- Rapid increase in occurrence over past few years



- Location is at the interface of cell and EVA
- Always form on top of **micro-cracks**
- Have affected a large number of module makers



Root Cause of Snail Trail



Combined experiments (XPS, Raman and ionic chromatography) revealed that the dark nanoparticle in the snail trail region is *silver compound*.

Root cause of snail trail is interaction between Ag finger and chemistry in EVA



Acetic Acid in EVA Accelerates Snail Trail Formation



		acetic acid	
Snail trails	Snail trails	Snail trails	No snail trails
After ~4 months	After ~5-6 months	after ~14 days	after 12 months

Acetic acid generated from EVA degradation can significantly accelerate formation of snail trail

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Micro-cracks and Water Ingression



Usually takes ~ 1 year to saturate, but local areas with cracks can reach saturation far more quickly

Without cracks ~ 0.06 g/m²/d: Water diffusion mainly through cell edges. With cracks > 5 g/m²/d: Cracks act as additional moisture diffusion pathway

Saturation with water ~ 1 day

 $0.3^{4.5}$ g/m²/d: Main diffusion path for moisture and gas

Micro-cracks play a more important role than backsheet in the water ingression and snail trail formation.

PID Degradation





Methodology*:

- Three encapsulants: (a) Strd EVA, (b) "PID-resistant" EVA, (c) Thin lonomer+Strd EVA
- Nine full-size modules, PID-prone cells. Fabricated on industrial module line.
- 60C / 85% / -1000V for 100 hours (also done: 85/85 for >500 hours)

→ Ionomers do not show any degradation after PID testing, while EVAs degrade

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Powering Reliably Since 1982

First grid-connected system in Europe Switzerland 10 kilowatt

DuPont[™] Tedlar[®] film-based backsheet



DuPont Materials Powering Reliably for Decades



Summary



 Choice of materials significantly impacts solar panel performance and financial returns - Materials Matter™

- DuPont[™] Solamet[®] PV19x delivers efficiency improvement
 - Excellent fine line printability down to 30µm screen opening with improved aspect ratio
 - Integrated PERC Solutions with DuPont[™] Solamet[®]
 PV76x/PV56x/PV36x delivers gains exceeding 0.15% in production
 - Low voltage losses

- Advanced Ionomer encapsulants
 - Snail trails can be corrected
 - Resistant to PID



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